

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

## ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law,  
U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of  
Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania,  
and County Public Office second floor over Eu-  
rope's jewelry store, South Erie street,  
Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to  
all business entrusted to his care in Stark  
and the adjoining counties.

## BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio  
Joa. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt,  
Cashier.

## PHYSICIANS.

DR. W. H. KIKLAND, Homeopathic Prac-  
titioner, Office No. 55 East Main street, Mas-  
sillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

## HARDWARE.

A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and  
Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

## MANUFACTURERS.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of These-  
ring Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable  
and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw  
mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Con-  
rad, Proprietors, manufacturers of  
superior quality of Merchant Bar and Black  
mill iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufac-  
turers Green Glass Hollow Ware, Bot-  
tles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufac-  
turers of Bridges, Roofs and General  
Structures.

## JEWELERS.

F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store  
East Main street

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches,  
Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical In-  
struments, etc., No. 5 South Erie street

**B C B**

Are You Coming  
To the Exposition?

It's worth a visit—fine mu-  
sic, beautiful displays, new fea-  
tures of entertainment.

It will pay you to include  
in your trip

## A Visit . . . . .

## To this Store.

We're offering more and  
choicer

## New Dress Goods

than in any previous season—  
hundreds of different styles new  
all wool goods.

25c. 35c. 40c. 45c. 50c

to \$1.25 yard.

All the wools were bought when  
wool was at the lowest price ever known  
—and they're being sold on the same  
basis of price advantage—such values in  
nice, good goods as will make the pur-  
chase of new fall and winter dresses here  
of unusual advantage—and we'll leave it  
to the large assortment, the choice  
styles, and the prices to prove.

Imported Dress Goods and Suitings  
to \$3.50 yard.

New Silks and Black Goods—sur-  
passing collections—interestingly priced.

If you can't come—or if you  
wish to select before your visit,  
write for samples—we'll consid-  
er it a favor to send them.

BOGGS & BUHL,  
ALLEGHENY, PA.

## Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment  
will cure blind bleeding, ulcerated and  
itching piles. It absorbs the tumors,  
allays the itching at once, acts as a  
poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Wil-  
liams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared  
only for piles and itching of the private  
parts, and nothing else. Every box is  
guaranteed. Sold by druggists. Sent by  
mail, for 50c and \$1 per box. Williams  
Mfg. Co., prop's, Cleveland, O.  
For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, Massillon, O.

**Shake Into Your Shoes**  
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet.  
It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet  
and instantly takes the sting out of corns  
and bunions. It's the greatest comfort  
discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease  
makes tight fitting or new shoes feel  
easy. It is a certain cure for sweating,  
callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try  
it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe  
stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial  
packages free. Address, Allen S. Olm-  
sted, LeRoy, N. Y.

## Why Pay Rent?

Better own a farm! Start now! Cor-  
respondence solicited from intending  
settlers. The North-Western Home-  
Seeker gives practical information to  
those interested in the pursuits of agri-  
culture, dairying and cattle raising. Send  
for free copy to

C. Traver, Rooms 3 and 4, Marine National  
Bank Building, Pittsburg, Pa.  
Or W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Avenue,  
Chicago, Ill.

## Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a  
package of GRAIN-O, the new food  
drink that takes the place of coffee. The  
children may drink it without injury as  
well as adults. All who try it, like it.  
GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of  
Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure  
grains, and the most delicate stomach  
receives it without distress. The price  
of coffee, 15c and 25c per package.  
Sold by all grocers.

## FIGHTING THE FEVER.

Experts Getting a Firm Grip  
on Yellow Jack.

## ONE MORE DEATH IS REPORTED.

A Mulatto Succumbed at Ocean Springs,  
Miss.—No New Cases There or at New  
Orleans—Former Place and Biloxi Isolated—Three New Cases at Biloxi.

Biloxi, Miss., Sept. 8.—Three well  
defined cases of yellow fever have de-  
veloped here. They are under guard  
and no fear is felt.

New Orleans, Sept. 8.—The United  
States authorities are awaiting the re-  
port of Dr. Guiteras of the University  
of Pennsylvania, the yellow fever ex-  
pert, who arrived at Ocean Springs,  
Miss., today, before they will be con-  
vinced that the cases there are yellow  
fever. Meanwhile disinfecting ma-  
chinery and marine hospital service  
officials have been ordered here.

No more cases have been developed  
here.

At the Geipi residence, where the  
first and fatal case was reported, the  
premises were thoroughly impregna-  
ted with sulphur, and it is believed every  
lingering germ therein has been killed.  
The four inmates, two servants and the  
mother and brother of the boy, are  
absolutely quarantined. No one is per-  
mitted either to enter or leave the  
house, which will be in charge of the  
board for five days.

The board of health office has been  
thronged with people. Many came to  
inquire as to the probability of a  
modification of the sweeping quaran-  
tine proclamation so that their friends  
and relatives sojourning at Mississippi  
sound resorts might be allowed to come  
home, and others came to secure health  
certificates in order that they might  
leave the city. A trainload of people  
from the coast were sidetracked be-  
yond the city limits awaiting such  
action by the board as would permit  
them to come into town.

Complaint has been made that Ocean  
Springs and Biloxi are being deprived  
of mail facilities. Arrangements will  
be made to take the mail from the  
stations at Ocean Springs and Biloxi by  
means of pouch catches. Uninfected  
points are not affected.

A complete inspection camp has been  
organized at the Rigolets, through  
which an entrance is made to the city.  
No doubtful case will be allowed to  
come in. Inspectors have been sent to  
all the Gulf coast points to make a full  
and thorough examination of their  
health and sanitary conditions.

There seems to be no threatened  
exodus from the city. All but one road  
reports business outgoing as normal.

Only one additional death has been  
reported at Ocean Springs with symp-  
toms of yellow fever, a mulatto.

No new cases have been reported.  
Ocean Springs has now been absolutely  
cut off from the outside world and the  
only means of reaching the town are  
by wire or mail. The telegraph opera-  
tor there is well worked to death.

Serious suffering is certain to follow.  
It is said there is only one ton of ice in  
the town and there is no way to get  
more. Ice is necessary where fever  
rages.

## HUNDREDS WILL PERISH.

A Government Official Deplores the  
Rush to Klondike.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The treasury  
department has made public a letter  
received from a government official  
now on the way to the gold fields, stat-  
ing at the same time that the writer,  
whose name is withheld, had been 12  
years in the service and is thoroughly  
reliable. It is dated Dyea, Aug. 23,  
and says in part:

"I have had a long talk with Mr.  
Ivey, collector of customs for Alaska,  
who is at present at Skagway, three  
miles below here. Mr. Ivey informed  
me that there are now on Skagway  
trail between tidewater and the lake  
something like 4,000 people and 2,000  
horses. Sixteen vessels are chartered  
to land cargoes at that place between  
now and Sept. 15, and that the num-  
ber of passengers will average 2-3 to  
each vessel, making 3,200 more people  
who will attempt to go in this fall.

"I have talked with some of the most  
experienced traders and miners in this  
vicinity, and they are unanimous in  
the prediction that not over 20 per cent  
of this vast number will get through to  
Dawson before winter sets in. The  
other 80 per cent will be caught on the  
trail. If the rush continues two weeks  
longer hundreds will inevitably perish.

"The postmaster and Indian trader  
at this place (Mr. Heron) states that  
more than 1,000 men have gone up the  
Chilkoot pass during the past 30 days,  
and that 700 of them are still this side  
of the lake (24 miles from here). At  
the present rate of influx another 1,000  
will enter the trail by Sept. 10. Mr.  
Heron is of the opinion that not more  
than 20 out of 100 will get through.  
He says if the rush continues another  
week the resultant loss of life will be  
appalling.

"I have talked with several men who  
have recently arrived here from the  
Klondike, two of whom left there less  
than 30 days ago. They unanimously  
agree that while there is a rich gold  
field there the facts do not justify the  
present stampede, and they say there  
is bound to be much suffering and ac-  
tual starvation. Provisions are already  
scarce and the prices of many articles  
absolutely prohibitory in the case of a  
man of ordinary means."

## CROKER FOR MAYOR.

He Arrives in New York—Inclined to  
Be a Candidate.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Richard Croker  
has arrived by the American line  
steamer New York. Mr. Croker's fel-  
low passengers have come to the con-  
clusion that he is to be the Tammany  
Hall candidate for mayor of Greater  
New York. The understanding among  
Mr. Croker's friends is that he is very  
strongly inclined to permit the use of  
his name.

## LIVES BECAUSE AN AMERICAN.

A Cuban Sympathizer Released Through  
Efforts of Consul General Lee.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The Ward line  
steamer Yumuri, from Tampico and  
Havana, brought Lorenzo Vives, who  
was arrested last December at the  
Hotel Angleterre in Havana and im-  
prisoned at Cabanas for five months.  
Vives is an American citizen. The  
hotel proprietor, F. Villamil, reported  
to the Spanish authorities that Vives  
was a Cuban sympathizer and caused  
his arrest.

Vives was held at the Cabanas for  
five months, when he was taken out  
with a large number of other prisoners  
to be transported to Africa, but Consul  
General Lee interfered and demanded  
his release as an American citizen.

Vives admitted that he had been sent  
out on a secret mission by the Cuban  
junta, but the Spanish authorities are  
unable to prove this. He says the only  
thing that saved him from death was  
the fact that he was an American citizen.

## EXPLORER WELLMAN.

The Journalist to Start For North Pole  
Again in June.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Walter Well-  
man, the journalist and Arctic ex-  
plorer, has arrived on the New York  
from Europe. He has been to Norway  
and Russia to consult with Dr. Nansen



WALTER WELLMAN.

and to arrange for a steamer and for a  
large number of dogs. He said that  
efforts would be made to reach the  
North pole until the feat was accom-  
plished.

"At least three expeditions will be  
in the field next year," he said. "One  
will be that of Captain Sverdrup in  
the Fram; another that of Lieutenant  
Peary in Greenland, and the third the  
one that will be made by myself in  
Franz Josef Land.

"My arrangements are to sail from  
Bergen, Norway, in a staunch ice  
steamer on June 15. Ten men will  
comprise the expedition. They will be  
Norwegians with the exception of two  
or three Americans. We shall estab-  
lish a supply station at Cape Mors,  
leaving two men in charge. We shall  
set out on our journey toward the pole  
in the early part of 1899 and shall be  
equipped for a journey of 100 or 110  
days. It will be a journey of about 550  
English miles from Cape Fugely to the  
pole."

## General Longstreet Married.

ATLANTA, Sept. 8.—The marriage of  
General James Longstreet, the famous  
confederate commander, and Miss  
Ellen Dortch, assistant state librarian,  
occurred here today. Immediately  
after the marriage General and Mrs.  
Longstreet left for Porter Springs, a  
North Georgia resort, where they will  
spend their honeymoon.

## LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY

At Washington—  
Washington, 9 3 0 0 0 0 0 4 \*—7 10 0  
Louisville, 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 7 1  
Batteries—McInnes and Farrell; McGee  
and Wilson. Umpires—Emmell and Heyler.  
Attendance, 2,001.

At New York—  
New York, 4 1 0 0 0 1 0 \*—6 7 1  
Cleveland, 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 8 2  
Batteries—Seaymer and Warner; Cuyper,  
McAllister and Zimmer. Umpires—O'Day  
and Carpenter. Attendance, 6,501.

Second game—  
New York, 2 0 0 0 1 1 \*—4 7 0  
Cleveland, 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 10 0  
Batteries—Rusie and Warner; McAllister  
and Zimmer. Umpires—O'Day and Carpenter.

At Brooklyn—  
Brooklyn, 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—4 6 6  
Pittsburg, 0 1 3 0 3 0 0 0—7 10 0  
Batteries—Payne and Grim; Hastings and  
Merritt. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 1,053.

## League Schedule Today.

Louisville at Baltimore, St. Louis at Bos-  
ton, Cincinnati at Brooklyn, Pittsburg at  
New York, Chicago at Philadelphia and  
Cleveland at Washington.

## Standing of the Clubs.

W	L	Pc	W	L	Pc	
Baltimore	77	33	700	Washington	49	41
Boston	77	33	683	Philadelphia	49	41
New York	73	39	612	Brooklyn	49	41
Cincinnati	64	46	582	Pittsburg	43	47
Cleveland	57	53	509	Louisville	49	41
Chicago	51	61	447	St. Louis	37	63

## The Interstate Games.

At Mansfield—  
Mansfield, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—3 3 2  
Wheeling, 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 2 6  
Batteries—Emig and Lynch; Bates and  
Messitt.

At Springfield—  
Springfield, 1 3 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 6 11 4  
Dayton, 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 8 2  
Batteries—Dolan and Vetter; G. Riemann  
and Greenwald.

At Toledo—  
Toledo, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 16 1  
St. Wayne, 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 5 2  
Batteries—Kelb and Myers; Patterson and  
O'Meara.

At New Castle—  
New Castle, 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 8 2  
Youngstown, 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 5 0  
Batteries—Smith and Donovan; Jordan and  
Zinram.

## Interstate League Standing.

W	L	Pc	W	L	Pc
Toledo	81	41	Mansfield	39	41
New Castle	73	49	St. Wayne	58	40
Dayton	63	57	Springfield	40	33
Youngstown	55	55	Wheeling	36	33

## DEPUTIES DRIVEN AWAY.

Women and Strikers Prevent Evictions  
Near Finleyville, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 8.—The striking  
miners of the Pittsburg and Chicago  
Gas Coal company, at Orangeville, one  
and one-half miles from Gastonville,  
on the Wheeling division of the Bal-  
timore and Ohio railroad, will stay in  
their houses a while longer. The at-  
tempt to evict them failed and resulted  
in a riot.

When 20 deputies from Washington,  
Pa., in charge of Chief Deputy Joseph  
Hemphill, reached Finleyville, they  
were met by a large crowd of strikers  
and forced to return to Gastonville,  
where they took refuge in the office of  
the company, where they were kept all  
night, stones and bricks being thrown  
at the building and an occasional shot  
fired.

Each deputy was armed with a win-  
chester rifle and a revolver, but in  
spite of this the strikers, headed by  
about 100 Polish women, closed in on  
them and the deputies received rough  
treatment. One deputy, who left the  
building, was driven to Finleyville.

In the morning the deputies started  
to march to Orangeville. Each man  
carried his Winchester in his hands  
and his revolver was exposed, but the  
weapons had no terrors for the besie-  
gers. Headed by the same women, the  
strikers rushed on the deputies with  
stones, clubs and pick handles, and the  
blows fell thick and fast. A number  
of the deputies were badly injured.

The strikers took refuge in an empty house,  
but finally agreed to leave town. They  
then returned to Gastonville, but were  
driven from that place and returned to  
Washington.

David and James Van Eman, mem-  
bers of the company, said that for the  
present at least no more attempts would  
be made to evict the strikers.

Later D. W. Van Eman announced  
that he would pay the district price, as  
arranged at Columbus.

## STRIKE PRACTICALLY SETTLED.

Miners Considering a Satisfactory Agree-  
ment in DuBois (Pa.) Region.

DUBOIS, Pa., Sept. 8.—A settlement  
of the miners' strike in this region has  
been practically effected. The commit-  
tee appointed at the convention last  
week to conduct all negotiations look-  
ing toward a settlement met General  
Manager Robinson here. The situation  
was fully discussed and before ad-  
journment an article of agreement was signed  
by Mr. Robinson and the members of  
the committee, which is mutually  
agreeable. The proposition made by  
Mr. Robinson is being submitted to the  
miners at the company's various col-  
lieries and it is acceptable, which is very  
likely, work will be resumed at all  
mines tomorrow. The agreement is  
eminently satisfactory to the com-  
mittee.

It provides, first, that a committee  
from the miners go to the Pittsburg  
region and elsewhere and get fully  
posted on prices for machine min-  
ing and other labor and the company will  
pay the highest proportionate scale  
paid in any competitive region, also  
that all mines resume Sept. 9 and what-  
ever scale is found to be actually set-  
tled on will be paid by the company from  
that date. The committee will report  
to Mr. Robinson within a week.

Pittsburg Miners Accepted.  
PITTSBURGH, Sept. 8.—The miners' dis-  
trict convention will accept the 45-cent  
rate. Delegates to Columbus went un-  
instructed.

## STRONG POINTS AGAINST LUETGERT.

Love Letters He Wrote to a Widow  
Read in Court.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Two strong points  
were scored by the prosecution in the  
Luetgert trial, and unless the defense  
is able to impeach the testimony of  
the witnesses their case is likely  
to have considerable weight with the  
jury.

The two witnesses were Nicholas  
Faber, who testified that on the night  
of May 1 he saw Luetgert and his wife  
enter the sawage factory, and Charles  
Lengst, who swore that on the night  
of May 1 he passed the factory and  
heard a cry from within as though  
some one was in pain.

The reading of the love letters which  
had been written by Luetgert to Mrs.  
Feldt, a widow, was great fun for  
the crowd in the courtroom, and it was  
very embarrassing for the defendant,  
as in several of them he had spoken in  
a slighting manner of the lawyers who  
are now conducting his defense, saying  
that they were "greedy" and "not able  
to handle a trial of such importance."

## Assignee's Report on Gardner Failure.

HOLIDAYSBURG, Pa., Sept. 8.—The  
assignee's report of the suspended  
banking house of Gardner, Morrow &  
Co. of Holidayburg has been filed in  
the Blair county court. The assets for  
distribution are \$14,055. This showing  
indicates that the 600 depositors will  
receive 3 per cent of the amount of  
their claims. When the bank failed  
one year ago a notice posted on its  
front door informed creditors that they  
would be paid dollar for dollar.

## American Woman in Jail.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The Duke and  
Duchess of Rio Grande have been ar-  
raigned in the Marlborough police court  
charged with defrauding hotels and  
boardinghouses. The duke is said to  
be a Brazilian nobleman and the duch-  
ess, it is asserted, is a niece of ex-  
United States Senator Omar D. Con-  
ger of Michigan. The prisoners were re-  
manded to jail for a week.

## Fire in Cairo, W. Va.

CAIRO, W. Va., Sept. 8.—A fire which  
started in the engine room of the Cairo  
Manufacturing and Lumber company  
destroyed it and half a dozen other  
establishments, including the chief  
business portion of the town. A num-  
ber of dwelling houses also burned and  
30 people are homeless. Total loss,  
\$50,000.

## Will Resign to Mayor Harrison.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Members of the  
Chicago civil service commission will  
tender their resignation to Mayor Har-  
rison immediately upon his return to  
the city. This comes as a climax to the  
struggle between the commission and  
the Democratic leaders which has been  
waged since the election last spring.

## OIL DRILLERS KILLED.

Fatal Explosion of Nitrogly-  
cerin at Cygnet.

## SIX OF THE DEAD ARE KNOWN.

Others, Who Were Blown Up, Not Yet  
Identified—Gas Ignited From a Well  
Just Shot and Set Fire to Cans of the  
Deadly Explosive.

CYGNET, O., Sept. 8.—A terrible ex-  
plosion of nitroglycerin has occurred  
here, which resulted in the death of  
six people, whose names are known  
and others at present unknown.

The killed are:  
Sam Barber,  
Allen F. Ellis,  
John Thompson,  
Charles Bartel,  
Henry Lamsdale,  
—Haven, a boy.

Grant Wells, located at the rear of the  
National Supply company's office build-  
ing, in the village limits, had just been  
shot by Samuel Barber, the shooter for  
the Ohio and Indiana Torpedo com-  
pany. The well was a gasser and when  
the 12 quarts of glycerin let down into  
the well exploded, the gas ignited and  
with a terrific roar the flames shot high  
above the derrick. As soon as the  
orders saw the flames several climbed  
into the derrick to shut off the gas, but  
they had hardly gotten there when  
there was a terrific explosion.

The burning gas had started the re-  
maining glycerin in the empty cans  
standing in a wagon near the derrick.  
In another wagon near by were some  
cans containing another 120 quarts of  
the stuff and this was started by the  
force of the first explosion.

The second was blended with the  
first in a mile or two, and the town  
and surrounding country for miles  
trembled from the shock.

The National Supply company's  
building was completely demolished  
and nothing remains but a big hole  
where the wagon stood. There is not a  
whole pane of glass in any window  
in the town and every house and store  
was shaken to its foundations. There  
was a wild excitement over the affair  
and all the remaining population of the  
town rushed to the spot. Who the  
men are who were in the derrick and  
who were killed cannot be learned now  
owing to the excitement.

The damage to the Ohio Oil company  
will amount to \$1,000. Eight buildings  
are a total wreck and many others  
damaged. The town has a population  
of about 1,200. Many bystanders were  
wounded.

## STATE GOLD DEMOCRATS

Some Delegates at Columbus For the  
Convention Tomorrow.

COLUMBUS, Sept. 8.—Only a few of  
the delegates to the National Demo-  
cratic convention have arrived, prob-  
ably on account of the fact that there  
is no formal program for today. The  
convention does not open until tomor-  
row morning. This afternoon a con-  
ference of the delegates will be held,  
committees appointed and the work of  
the convention outlined.

While the convention is called for the  
purpose of nominating a state ticket  
there is some sentiment against it,  
though how strong is not known. It is  
not believed, however, the opposition  
will prevent a state ticket being  
named. The convention will probably  
endorse a candidate for United States  
senator, the names mentioned in this  
column being those of Hon. Jose H.  
Coughlin of Columbus, Hon. Virgil  
P. Kline of Cleveland and Julius  
Dexter of Cincinnati.

A resolution will probably be adopted  
favoring the nomination of candidates  
for the legislature wherever an orga-  
nization can be found. The lack of  
organization is the argument presented  
by those opposed to a state ticket, but  
the leaders of the party say they now  
have sufficient of an organization to  
conduct a campaign.

The work of securing signatures for  
a petition to place the ticket on the  
ballot will be the most important, and  
it is claimed this can be effected with-  
out much expense or loss of time.

Judge John H. Clark of Youngstown  
is being urged as the candidate for  
governor. The representatives in the  
convention will number 402.

## For a Jr. O. U. A. M. Cottage.

TRUST, O., Sept. 8.—Messrs. George  
W. Elbert of New Jersey, Dr. Wenner  
of Tiffin and John W. Oliver of Pitts-  
burg, trustees of the Junior Order of  
United American Mechanics Orphans'  
home, met in this city with Architect  
F. L. Packard of Columbus and adopted  
plans for a new \$10,000 cottage. The  
site for the new building will be staked  
off and work commenced at once.

## Hawaiian Senate Called.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The state de-  
partment has been notified by Minister  
Sewall at Honolulu that President  
Dole has issued a call for a session of  
the Hawaiian senate on Sept. 8. The  
object of the session is supposed to  
bear on the proposed annexation treaty  
with the United States.

## Ex-Queen Liliuokalani in the West.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Ex-Queen Liliuoka-  
lani of Hawaii, accompanied by her  
traveling companions, J. Heleluhe and  
Mrs. Wakiki, arrived in Chicago yester-



# FARM FIELD AND GARDEN

## EARLY CELERY.

How to Blanch It With Boards During Warm Weather.

A New York correspondent of American Gardening, who has found early celery profitable, tells how he blanches it during the hot weather. He writes: In blanching celery during warm weather care must be taken that no soil comes in contact with it to rot it. It cannot, therefore, be banked with earth. I have tried tying wrapping paper around the bunches and other methods, but have found that I could blanch the celery at a much less cost, and blanch it better, too, with boards.

After much experimenting in planting at different distances apart the plan which I have now adopted as giving the best results is to plant double rows two feet apart—i. e., plant two rows 10 or 12 inches apart and next leave a space of two feet.

When the plants are about one foot high, place the blanching boards on both sides of the double row, but be sure to keep them well apart, for if the leaves get wet between the boards and the sun does not get in to dry them they will rot and spoil the appearance of the celery. Besides stopping its growth. When the celery grows a few inches above the boards, crowd the boards closer together, and the blanching will be completed in a few days. The boards I use are from 12 to 18 inches in width, and with the 12 inch celery that grows two feet high or more. Place them in place with the corners notched to set over the tops of the boards.

I have never been successful in growing a good quality of early celery without irrigation, for when the plants are so close together a large growth cannot be had without it, and moreover, until a few days before the celery goes on to the slowly, and the stalks often become stringy or tough. When the leaves are so close together the water in the soil is rapidly absorbed, thus hastening the growth and improving the quality of the celery.

When the celery is sufficiently blanched, the boards are taken down and removed to other rows. The celery is cut a little under the ground and trimmed, leaving the roots on the ground. If the sun is shining, the celery is at once carried to a cellar, and if not at once packed for market we stand it up in a vat containing one or two inches of cold water in the bottom. This is all the water that is allowed to come in contact with the celery, for as there is no earth used in blanching it it needs no washing. Never pack wet celery for shipment, as it is liable to rot and spoil. It is necessary to hold the celery a few days after it is cut and trimmed, it can be kept in good condition by packing it around the vat in which it is stored, and making the cellar as cool as possible.

## Silting Sugar Beets.

When sugar beets are to be kept for manufacture of sugar during the winter months or for the production of seed, they must be carefully protected against frost. Following are directions given in a farmers' bulletin on the subject: The simplest and the easiest method is to place them in piles and cover them with earth, not too deep. When first siled, say, about the 1st of November, they should be covered with only a slight layer of earth. As the cold becomes more intense this covering can be increased. In some localities only a slight covering of straw is necessary to protect the beets, as, for instance, in California. In other other localities, such as in the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin, it is probable that the beets would have to be covered to the depth of two feet, or even more, to protect them from frost.

Silting is usually done by the factory, as it would be very inconvenient to deliver beets from a distance to a factory in the middle of winter. In most localities in the beet sugar region it is probable that the harvesting and delivery to the factory could be entirely completed by the middle of November, although in some seasons there would be no danger in leaving the roots in the earth until the 1st of December, while in California there is no danger at all of freezing. In the construction of large silos due regard must be had for proper ventilation to avoid the danger of heating.

## Alfalfa Replacing Corn.

It is not likely that alfalfa, the clover which has succeeded so well in California, will ever become plentiful in the east. Our wet winters will rot the roots or at least decrease their vigor. On very dry, sandy or gravelly soil it might succeed here. But it seems to be especially adapted to hot and dry climates, and hence its success in the arid regions of the far west. As its root often goes several feet deep it is likely to change the character of the climate, for wherever alfalfa roots have gone water will also go. The alfalfa retains its greenness during the severest droughts. Of course it must be all the time evaporating moisture, and this also will have some effect in changing the climate. Hence in localities too dry for corn alfalfa is taking its place as a feed for all kinds of stock. It is at the same time fitting the soil for growing corn and other crops.—American Cultivator

## Chemicals For a Wheat Crop.

The simplest wheat fertilizer you can make, according to Rural New Yorker, is a mixture of three parts fine ground bone and one part muriate of potash. Use this when sowing the wheat as heavily as you can afford, and the following spring use 200 pounds or more of nitrate of soda per acre. These chemicals may be bought of the fertilizer firms. The cost will depend upon the quantity bought and the ability to pay cash.

## PARTIAL SOILING.

Advantages of This System Enumerated by a Successful Ohio Farmer.

Perhaps the greatest advantage in partial soiling, when viewed from the dollar standpoint, is the great saving of land. Many farmers who have never given this subject any thought are slow to believe this, but it is well known to every one that an acre of good clover and timothy well cured into hay will furnish rough feed for a horse or cow for the five or six months of winter; that it requires more feed to keep an animal in cold than in warm weather; that it requires two or three acres to furnish good pasture for the animal all summer, and then the supply is precarious should the weather be very dry. Every authority to which I have had access agrees that an acre of soiling crops is equal to about three of pasture. My own experience of about seven years leads me to believe that this is quite correct. Thus writes an Ohio correspondent of Country Gentleman. Following are additional extracts from his communication:

This saving of land alone will pay for cutting and feeding the crops. If it is true that one acre of soiling crops is worth three of pasture—the question of pay-lunges on this—will the rent of two acres of fertile, high priced land pay for cutting and feeding out the soiling crops grown on one acre? Certainly no man who thinks he has not land enough should hesitate for a moment to practice soiling, partial soiling at least, instead of trying to rent or buy more land.

There are many other reasons in favor of this method of feeding live stock, only one of which I shall mention in this article. It is a well known fact that the comfort of any animal has a great influence on its general health and thrift. The animal that has no other supply of feed than that obtained from a short pasture, that must hunt and scratch and dig for a scanty supply of food, that is exposed to the burning sun or the biting cold of winter, cannot pay its full dividend other than in lack of growth. How different with the animal that has an abundance of soiling crops to feed on, and still has a short pasture for a pasture field!

Thus, some of the partial soiling is one of the main things that have the winter to get out of debt, to make a good thing out of a piece of worthless swamp, to make some improvements on a year and to live better and enjoy the life.

## Cover Crop For Orchards.

Last fall at the Geneva experiment station, was an apple orchard containing a "cover crop" of buckwheat and peas. Professor Bach was pleased with this combination for sowing in young orchards. Buckwheat covers the ground and makes a vigorous growth until frost comes, a rural New Yorker explains. When this grain is used, the ground is moist and in a good, friable condition, not becoming so dry and hard as it does when other cereals are used. One object in sowing buckwheat with the peas was to keep the latter up off the ground so that they would be less liable to attack by mites. The mixture was found especially useful on hard clay knolls, but it does not live through the winter like the clovers. In some sense this is not an objection, for spring culture is easier when the crop dies away. A combination of winter vetch and winter rye has given excellent satisfaction as a late crop sown in orchards. The indications are that some combination of a legume and a cereal will give better results than either crop used alone.

## American Butter In England.

The efforts of the Secretary of Agriculture, Wilson, to enlarge the English market for the best American butter have not yet been wholly successful. The market demands butter almost fresh or but slightly salted and must have it put up in cubical boxes instead of tubs, and these must weigh 56 or 112 pounds each. He finds our cousins a little bit cranky about butter, and if they take it at the best prices it must be put up especially for export, says The Farm Journal, which also calls attention to an enlarged foreign outlet through the usual channels of trade in recent months owing to the unusually low prices at home and the largely increased production.

## Insects In Stored Grain.

Methods of controlling insects injurious to stored grain include preventive and insecticidal measures. Among the first the United States department entomologist recommends early harvesting and thrashing. As a remedy the bisulphide of carbon treatment is stated to be the simplest, most effective and least expensive remedy for all insects that affect stored cereals.

## News and Notes.

If all we hear is true, honey will be abundant and bees plenty.

Celery grown by the new mode of close planting in beds, to render it self blanching, requires very rich soil and plenty of water. Pour the latter on the soil, not on the plants.

There is a big wheat crop, with a comparatively new market developed for the surplus of our country. Nearly 20 per cent of the wheat crop raised in the Pacific coast states last year was exported to China and Japan. It is predicted that this trade will soon absorb the entire wheat surplus of the coast states. All the foreign advisers agree that there is less wheat afloat for England at the present time than at any previous time in the past ten years.

A shortage of hops is indicated, notably in England.

It appears that there is a slight decrease in the acreage of rye this year in comparison with last.

Corn oil, or maize oil, probably the most important addition to the series of vegetable oils, is essentially a product of American origin.

## WON AT LAST.

Young Joe, the blacksmith, was liked by every one, but there was one hour in the day that he gave up to a child who used to come and visit him while he worked.

But time goes by for young and old. It seemed but a little while till Nellie became almost a woman, and it was no longer proper for her to go to Joe's forge; but, to be sure, he could go to her.

And now, not to linger by the way, Joe had learned to love her with the love of manhood, and she returned his love. They would have been very happy but for Nellie's father; the old man would have her look higher than a blacksmith. So when Richard Ross—young, handsome and rich—came to the cottage the old man smiled and encouraged him.

This Richard Ross was not worthy of Nellie. For all his riches, his heart was merest dross beside the pure gold of Joe's. When he passed the shop, the sturdy smith brought his hammer down like an angry giant, for, you see, this Richard Ross was stealing his life away.

Yes, stealing his life away. Joe's ruddy face grew pale; if the torture continued long, death would be the end. You may judge from this how much he loved her. Still he went to see her. If he found Richard Ross there, he left hastily, and, rushing back to the forge, worked like mad till midnight.

One evening Nellie's father shut the door in his face with a "I don't want you coming here any more."

Joe knew how obedient the girl was, and the words struck him like a sword. The next day he received a note, so sad, from little Nellie. It said she loved him still, but he must not come again. Her father said so. He commanded her to listen to Richard Ross; she had never disobeyed her father yet; she could not do so now. "But I will plead and pray, dear Joe, and you must hope."

But Joe did not hope. He gave her up. He felt angry with her, too, for her obedience to her father.

Time went on, and the blacksmith grew paler yet. He grew morose, too, and unlike himself, and the village loungers no longer loved to gather at his forge. The name of Richard Ross maddened him. Once he caught on by the throat for saying Richard and Nellie were to be married soon.

One day the priest of the village, "Crory," stood waiting for Joe. The old man had something on his weak mind and needed some one to talk to. Then he saw from his pocket two silver pieces and said, "I have a little something for you. Finally he asked: "Why don't you cry, Joe Mann? Why don't you cry?"

The old man glowered on him from under his long brow.

"I'd cry if I was you, Joe," said the priest. "I'd cry if Richard Ross stole my girl."

With a sound that was half a roar of rage and half a groan of pain Joe sprang upon him and in a flash had him by the throat and set his knee upon the priest's breast.

In another moment he might have killed the priest, but that the priest's helplessness and terror made him pause and recalled him to himself. A thought struck him.

"Who told you to say that?" he demanded.

Richard Ross. He gave me the money for to say it."

"The low rascal!" shrieked Joe. "Heaven have mercy on his soul!"

He released Crory Sam, and went about his work again quite calmly, but the pallor of his face was awful to see.

When evening drew on, he picked up a long, rusty knife blade and fitted it into a scabbard. Then he stepped to his grindstone and sharpened and ground the rusty blade.

Al, but Joe was changed! There were despair and murder in his blood heart.

The night fell and he stood knife in hand silently waiting.

"Richard Ross lives her home at 10," he muttered, "and goes on the lonely road through the woods."

When it came to him he could wait no longer, but sprang to his door and ash. Behind two trees, growing close together, which cut off the light from him, he crouched and listened.

He had an hour to wait. The silence was awful. No bird sang among the trees, and the leaves long stirred by no breath of wind.

Joe pressed his hand to his forehead and found it burning hot. He began to be afraid, he knew not of what, perhaps his own soul. He rose and walked about the wood and thought about his wrongs. This gave him new resolve, and he returned to his hiding place and crouched again. But again his terror was renewed, and the hand which held the knife trembled. The village clock struck 10 and at every stroke he shuddered.

He heard footsteps on the road. Nearer, nearer, came the man for whom he waited. For a moment Joe's mind seemed gone. Before his eyes he saw a great sea of blood. From him fell great drops of cold sweat. Nearer the footsteps came. His brain cleared, and he could dimly see the young man's form a few feet from him. He gazed through the trees to the sky and saw a single star looking down upon him like the eye of God. With a shriek of fear he flung the knife from him and fled—from murder.

It was over and blood was not upon his soul.

All that night he lay like one dead upon the floor of his little shop. The morning sun, forcing its way through the dusty window, fell upon him there. Miserable as the man was, it saw no better sight than this crushed soul saved from crime.

But some one brighter than the sunlight entered the door. It was Nellie. She saw him there upon the floor and her blue eyes filled with tears. She bent over him and touched him gently.

"Joe, dear Joe!" she called.

He sprang to his feet, gazed on her coldly and would have fled, but she restrained him.

"Joe," she said, "I have hoped—I have pleaded—I have prayed—I have won. Take me in your arms."

Not yet did he understand her, and she added: "Father has learned to pity you and me, Joe, and says we may be husband and wife. Richard Ross has gone forever."

So Joe took her in his arms, and all his repentance and joy burst forth in a flood of tears.—New York News.

## Two Points of View.

"Great Scott, I wish this carving knife were sharp!" growled Finson as he wrestled with the turkey.

Just as he said so the blade glanced and hit his hand without inflicting a cut.

"Great Caesar," he exclaimed, "Isn't it lucky that knife is dull!"—Roxbury Gazette.

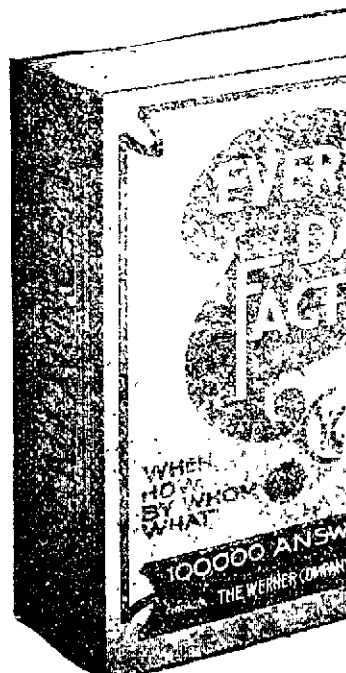
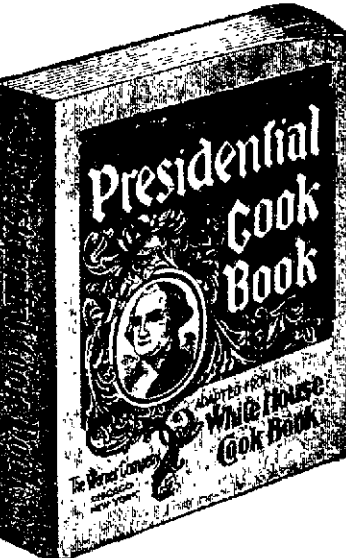
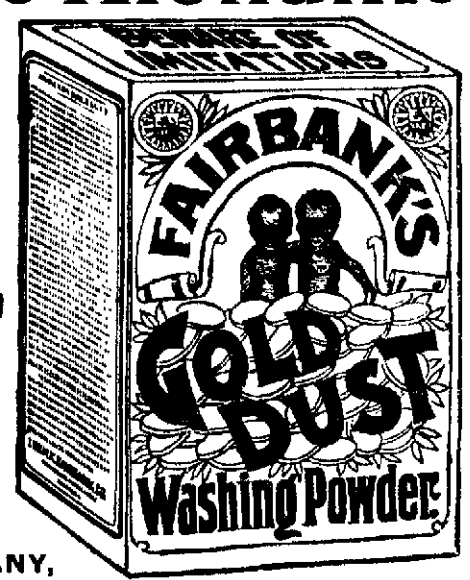
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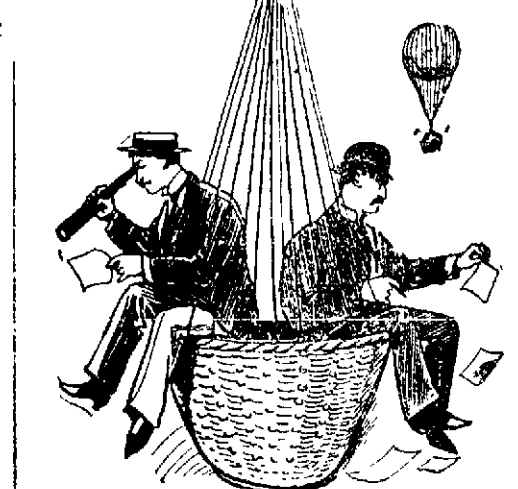
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# MR. CLOKEY'S SERMON.

He Preaches on the Solution of Labor Problems.

## LEGISLATION AND SOCIALISM.

Mr. Clokey Thinks the Only Solution Lies in the Words of the Saviour—The Law of Unselfishness and Brotherly Love Must Rule.

The Rev. J. F. Clokey preached in the Presbyterian church, Sunday evening, on "How Can We Best Solve Our Labor Problems?" His text was Matthew 7:12. In the course of his sermon Mr. Clokey said:

That a solution of our acute labor problems would be a blessing, goes without saying. When we think of the frequency of our strikes, of the poverty that exists at our very door, and that, too, in homes where vice is not the cause; when we see great manufacturing and mining plants lying idle; when we realize that certain men are becoming enormously rich, while others out of the same enterprise become poorer each year; when we see all this and then think of the natural wealth of our land, our ability and willingness to work, surely we can come to no other conclusion than that something is wrong somewhere and that it must be righted before peace will settle down upon our industrial world and abide there. The problem is a complex one, branching out, as it does, into all departments of our life, and depending on various and dissimilar conditions. The law of supply and demand affects it, change of trade conditions, introduction of new machinery, the ability of the several employees, the management of certain businesses must all have their influence, and the best plan of solving the difficulty must meet all these varying elements of the question. How then can we best solve this vexing and difficult problem.

Giving the negative side of the answer first, let me say I do not believe legislation alone will do it.

First, because it has been tried and found ineffectual. Over and over again have we tried to solve our labor problems by law, but are no nearer the solution today than we were years ago. More and more acute does the situation become, as trial after trial is made, and ends in repeated failure, leaving us in practically the same condition as before. True, much has been done to ameliorate the condition of the wage earner by law. Many hardships and dangers have been removed, hours have been lessened, ages defined within which a child is not permitted to labor, safeguards placed around dangerous machinery, and good sanitary conditions secured, and yet here we are in one of the greatest strikes of our history.

Men are engaged in a conflict for their daily bread, contending in many instances against what seems like slavery. Pitiable tales are told us of wages that only keep away the veriest starvation of miserable homes, whose rent is as high as it was during times when wages were twice as high of a life where there is no comfort, no hope, no anything that goes to make life livable. And yet for years we have been trying to care for the laboring man by law, and our statute books are overloaded with laws without number and without effect. A doing away with the present use of injunctions removes but one phase of the trouble and does not touch the cause.

Neither will socialism do it, no matter how wisely planned or how good the leaders may be. The sliding scale will not meet the need, for we have but recently passed through a strike brought about by the attempt to reduce the rate. These fail because they do not reach the seat of the difficulty. This is shown by the manner in which the trusts strive to evade all laws to control them: by the rates of the sliding scale being reduced, by the appearance of new channels of obtaining the desired end when one channel is closed for the grasping of undue wealth.

That all remedies hitherto applied are insufficient is shown by the fact that many of our great manufacturers and mine owners have no lessening of their yearly income, but rather an increase, and too often at the expense of their employees and in utter disregard and contempt for those who toil for them, and whose skill and endurance produce the wealth.

No man can be honest and say this is right, for God made mankind to descend from a common parentage, and have the same blood in their veins, and all to the purpose that one man should have a care for the other's welfare and respect his rights—all of which is not done, even after many attempts have been made by law and regulation to bring this about. Evidently the seat of the difficulty has not been reached, and if the past is to be believed, we can go on in the way we have been doing until the end of time, and human ingenuity, impelled by motives now actuating it, will thwart every attempt made to change the merciless and grasping course of wealth. What, then, can we do, under these existing circumstances, to remove the difficulty and place ourselves on the right basis, where we can rightly expect a ceasing of these difficulties between labor and capital? In reply let me say that the only solution I believe possible is the one contained in the words of my Savior: "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so to them," or, in other words, the law of unselfishness or of brotherly love must rule among men ere the world sees that much-needed and sought-after peace. I believe this, not because I am a minister, but because as a student of the past and present, I am convinced that this alone will settle the difficulty. And only as this motive of

# THE LABOR DAY RACES.

Massillon, As Usual, Gets Many Prizes.

## A GREAT CROWD AND GREAT RACES

The Massillon Team Wins the Pursuit Race—Walter D. Snyder Secures One First and Several Other Local Riders Make Honorable Records.

The Canton Bicycle Club held a race meeting at the fair grounds, on Monday, and Massillon riders were there to capture a first, a second and a fourth and to easily win the three-mile pursuit race to which they were challenged by the Canton team not long ago. The immense audience was made up largely of Massillonians, who cheered for everybody in general and the riders from this city in particular.

Canton did not have much to say about the races, though it did prize a good deal about tally-hos and such things. Something of a cheer went up when Dannemiller, with a 130-yard start, finished first in the one-mile handicap, but it lacked the heartiness of the greeting that Massillon had for Walter Snyder when he pushed past all the other fast ones in the one-half mile open and crossed the tape a wheel's length in front of the second man, who, by the way, was not a Cantonian. Anybody can win a race if he has a big enough start, the Canton people could not help thinking, and they looked rather shame-facedly at each other as they recalled that Dannemiller had the limit, while Snyder started from the scratch with the speediest amateurs in the state on all sides.

Canton, for some reason, would not recognize Mont Rutter, though he rode well for a man out of his class, and Massillon, being quick to notice this, was soon cheering the plucky Canton lad, giving him encouragement to finish third in the one-half mile professional.

Tom Poe did not win the novice, as everybody expected, but he rode a fine race, nevertheless, and came in fourth, John Huber, the hero of the road race, failed to get a place in this event, or the ten-mile, and Harry Curley, who entered with the belief that he could finish in better place than third to last, didn't succeed in doing it. He rode a heavy, rickety machine, without toe clips, and was not in condition to race himself. O. H. Lantz, who was entered in nearly all the amateur events, was in hard luck, too. Harry M. Dobson did not win many races either, but his final spurt in the team race, was as nice a thing as anybody could wish to see on a track. The Aultmans, of Orrville, rode in about all the amateur races, but the best either got was a fourth. When one considers these men have taken first in nearly all the races they have ridden this season, he will have an idea of the quality of the talent that visited the fair grounds track, Monday.

In the pursuit race Massillon gained three-sixteenths of a mile on the Canton team before the three miles were finished. Snyder, Dobson, Poe, Eyster and Hays composed the Massillon team, and every man finished, although Hays did fall considerably behind. Snyder set the pace the last time around, and Dobson made the spurt. Kaufman and Osburn were the only members of the Canton team that finished the race. The others left one by one, Shimp being the first, quitting at the end of the first half mile. The time was 6:37.

The last event was an exhibition mile by Harry B. Scott, of Pittsburg, flying start, paced by a tandem and a triplet. He lowered the Ohio state record by a quarter of a second, finishing in 1:53.4. The triplet started him, but the tandem failed to take him up the first time and the whole race had to be ridden over again. Conn Baker held the record, 1:53.4-5, made at Columbus, July 6, 1897.

One-mile novice—C. A. Fritz, Mt. Vernon, first; R. B. Kuhn, Cleveland, second; Samuel Good, Arcadia, third; Tom Poe, Massillon, fourth. Time, 2:21.

One-mile open, amateur—Frank Schaefer, Canal Dover, first; W. D. Snyder, Massillon, second; Leo Dannemiller, fourth. Time, 2:15.

One-mile open, professional—H. H. Krupps, Uhrichsville, first; H. B. Scott, Pittsburg, second; F. C. Schrein, Toledo, third. Time, 2:09.

One-half mile open, amateur—W. D. Snyder, Massillon, first; H. H. McCreary, Mt. Vernon, second; C. L. Lamson, Detroit, third; G. O. Hamilton, Toledo, fourth. Time, 1:06 1-5.

Ten-mile handicap, amateur—H. H. McCreary, Mt. Vernon, 150 yards, first; F. A. Robshaw, Cleveland, 200 yards, second; R. L. Crosier, Nottingham, 300 yards, third; G. W. Aultman, Orrville, scratch, fourth. Time, 24:19 3-5.

Five-mile handicap, professional—C. B. Haskins, Cleveland, scratch, first; F. C. Schrein, Toledo, 80 yards, second; H. B. Scott, Pittsburg, 120 yards, third; C. E. Knuth, Erie, 200 yards, fourth. Time, 14:44.

Lot For Sale.

A bargain in real estate may be obtained, located in Green street, one lot removed from Waechter. It is lot No. 1684, and will be sold on easy terms. The title is guaranteed, and anyone desiring a site for a house will find the lot desirable. Inquire at Independent office.

A profitable investment for hard times is an ad in Our Bargain Columns.

Back from the Grave  
We cannot come, but we can often stay our progress thither. Disease, like everything else, must have a beginning. All chronic maladies tend to shorten life, and render it a species of martyrdom while they last. Malaria, kidney complaint, chronic indigestion, rheumatism, all have small beginnings, and may be stayed at the outset with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This excellent tonic and alternative is adapted alike to the prevention of disorders of the system and to their removal, and its early use cannot be too strongly advocated. To renew appetite and insure tranquil rest, there is no surer and pleasanter means than the Bitters. The effects of overwork and exhaustion, mental or physical, are counteracted by it, and the busy merchant, the tired clerk or operative, and the brain weary student, author or newspaper man, derive from it present relief and future energy.

Take your produce to J. E. English at A. Shorby's old stand West Tremont street.

Now is the time to subscribe.

# MOTHERHOOD.

Mrs. Pinkham Declares No Woman Need Despair.

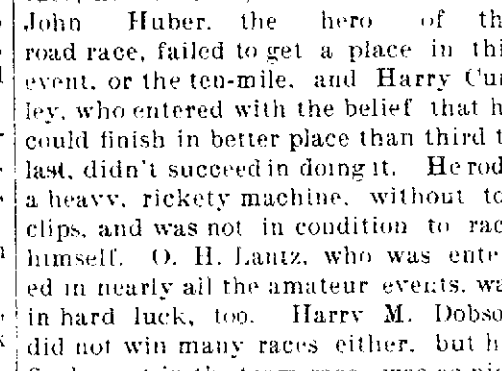
There are many curable causes for sterility in women. One of the most common is general debility, accompanied by a peculiar condition of the blood.

Write freely and fully to Mrs. Pinkham. Her address is Lynn, Mass. She will tell you, free of charge, the cause of your trouble and what course to take. Believe me, under right conditions, you have a fair chance to become the joyful mother of children. Mrs. LUCY LYTLE, 235 Henderson St., Jersey City, N. J., certainly thinks so. She says: "I am more than proud of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and cannot find words to express the good it has done me. I was troubled very badly with the leucorrhoea and severe womb pains. From the time I was married, in 1882, until last year, I was under the doctor's care. We had no children. I have had nearly every doctor in Jersey City, and have been to Belvin Hospital, but all to no avail. I saw Mrs. Pinkham's advertisement in the paper, and have used five bottles of her medicine. It has done more for me than all the doctors I ever had. It has stopped my pains, and has brought me a fine little girl. I have been well ever since my baby was born. I heartily recommend Mrs. Pinkham's medicine to all women suffering from sterility."

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.  
The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples and chronic sore eyes. 25 cts. per box.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package.

For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.



## SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

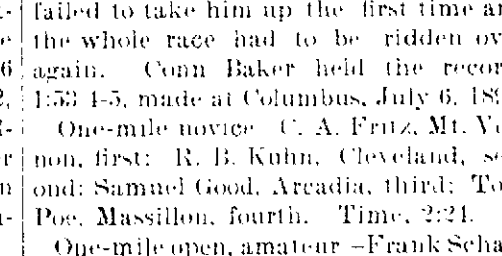
the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.



ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c, by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

Lightning Hot Drops—What a Funny Name! Very True, but it Kills All Pain! Sold Everywhere, Every Day—Without Relief, There is No Pay!

## OUR BARGAIN COLUMNS

Screens and Windows made and fitted at reasonable prices. All kinds of Interior Finishing, and LUMBER.

CONRAD, DANGLEY & BROWN, Phone 2.

FOR THAT THIRSTY FEELING DRINK

ANTON KOPP'S Export and Standard Beer. Excellent for table and medicinal purposes.

Phone 34. Office, 26 Exchange St.

Purity, Age and Strength.

For Family Use... FINLAY BREWING CO.'S. Bottled Export and Domestic Beer... Has no equal. Frank A. Vogt.

WHEN IT RAINS

It's too late to get that worn-out umbrella repaired. Bring it now. Repairing and Re-covering a Specialty. Parasols covered in all colors. Fine Cutlery.

At C. BADER'S.

# OUR BARGAIN COLUMNS

For the Great Closing Sale at HUMBERGER'S.

Just fresh from the factory First arrival of Ladies' Fall Jackets and Capes, and Children's Garments.

At the reduced prices that we are selling everything until the 1st of October, it will pay anyone to look through our Cloak Department. New Dress Goods, Blankets, Underwear at closing prices. HUMBERGER'S.

## THE FORCE OF HABIT!

What the youth learns, the man practices. Pride will keep your son eager to add to a bank account when once opened. A dollar will start him on the road to independence. We pay interest on time deposits.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

HOT AIR... Heating is not the pleasantest thing to think about in this weather. But winter is coming and it is a good idea to get ready to heat. Come and take it over. The turn-a-heat will save you money, dirt and inconvenience.

References: A. J. Paul & Co. It's Not the Coat THAT Makes the Man—It's the Whole Suit.

I have all the newest novelties in fashionable summer suitings. We give you style, workmanship and a perfect fit. Prices Moderate. Opera House Bldg. J. C. LOWE, The Tailor.

All This for ONE DOLLAR: 4 bars Cotton Oil Soap. 1 pound San Marco Coffee. 1 can Crown Baking Powder. 6 pounds Sugar. 1 dozen Fresh Eggs. 1 pound Good Tea. 1 package Root Beer.

At MATTHEWS BROS. 2 West Tremont St. Phone 144.

## A Real Snap!

I sell everything in the Furniture Line—Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Beds, and all kinds of Second Hand Goods—at prices that will make you grin.

C. L. BORWAY, 42 West Main Street.

## Don't be Extravagant

By wearing your business suits for bicycle riding. We have fine outfits for the purpose and are closing them out at bargain prices. Call and get A STRAW HAT! at J. W. FOLTZ, The Furnisher.

## TO LESSEN THE EXPENSE OF LIVING

We quote you a few prices, which, if carefully considered, will convince you that you pay a premium for trading with some people. We are making no leaders. These prices are regular.

Flour. Wedder's Fancy Patent... \$1.20. Minnesota Spring Wheat... \$1.15. Wedder's Pansy... 1.05.

Sugar. Granulated... .05. C Sugar, 28 lbs for... 1.00.

Canned Goods. Buckeye Brand Tomatoes... .05. Good Corn, per can... .05.

Lemons. Fancy Table Lemons... .08. Sardines, per can, oil... .08.

Coffee. Arbuckle's, 1 pound... .12. Lion, 1 pound... .12.

Teas. Fine Young Hyson... .25. English Breakfast... .25.

Cheese. Extra fine York State Full Cream... 12 1/2c. Ohio Full Cream... 10c.

Baking Powder. Royal, 1/2 pound... .12. Kirk's Cabinet, 12 bars... .12.

Soaps. Ivory, laundry size... .12. Kirk's Cabinet, 12 bars... .12.

Ham. Armour's Best Sugar Cured, per pound... .12.

At S. F. WEFLE'S, 31 East Main St. Prompt Free Delivery. Telephone Connection.

## WATCH THIS Household Furniture!

Geo. L. & Chas. D. Hackett, FURNITURE, CARPETS, WALL PAPER, 16 West Main Street.

CHOICE SHEET MUSIC.. —All the Latest Selections—25 Cents. 20th Century Two Step, only 15 cents.

Teacher of Piano and Organ. CHAS. F. HUBER, 34 EAST MAIN ST.

WEST SIDE CARRIAGE WORKS. Fine Carriage Work in all its branches. Repairs, Wagoning a specialty.

ALBERT SORG, PROPRIETOR, 20 CLAY ST.

Choice Straw-Berries. Always on hand at the very lowest market price. Fine Fruits. Green Vegetables. CONFECTIONERY. At W. B. SUTTLE'S, 17 W. Main Street 'Phone, Bell 115.

A FOOT OF STYLE. We have everything in Fine Summer Footwear. Our Tan Goods must be sold. Now is your opportunity for bargains. Ladies Oxford a Specialty. 33 E. Main St. GEORGE SNYDER.

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A FOOT OF STYLE. We have everything in Fine Summer Footwear. Our Tan Goods must be sold. Now is your opportunity for bargains. Ladies Oxford a Specialty. 33 E. Main St. GEORGE SNYDER.



**THE INDEPENDENT.**  
**THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,**  
INDEPENDENT BUILDING.  
30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.  
WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863  
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887  
SEMI WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1898  
LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE No. 80  
FARMERS' TELEPHONE No. 80.  
THE EVENING INDEPENDENT will be mailed to persons leaving town, without charge in price. It can be ordered to follow the subscriber at any point, by leaving the proper addresses, which may be changed daily, if necessary.  
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1897.

The Independent predicts that wheat will go above a dollar a bushel and remain there for some time.

Brother Coxe is coquetting with the camp meetings with great effect. As an exhorter he is said to be effective and entertaining.

It really cost \$22,000 to support the workhouse last year. Now that is altogether too much money, and the thing ought to be stopped.

The shadow of the Hon. John P. Jones's hat spreads from North Lawrence to Massillon, and Massillon incorporates it within the city limits and claims the silver-tongued orator for her own. Mr. Jones is six feet tall, is ready with mind and pen, and will stand for all that is best as a representative at Columbus.

Congratulations and many of them to John P. Jones and J. B. Snyder, who are the Republican candidates for the general assembly, and to all the other candidates on the ticket, not forgetting John J. Zaiser, a veteran of the war and a candidate for sheriff. May success follow their campaign for election, as it certainly should.

It is a great pity that the various organizations of Massillon do not endeavor to provide this city with one first-class park available for races and athletic exhibitions of all kinds, and for picnics on a large scale. It means business and dollars and cents for Massillon, to have the field day exercises, ball games, bicycle and horse races held right here. More over, such a park could be made in itself a business success.

The Canton News-Democrat is sorely afflicted because wheat has fluctuated from \$1.00 to 93 cents in the home market, and remarks that Assistant Secretary Brigham of the department of agriculture "is an Ohio wind bag," because he thinks that the American farmers will receive in the aggregate \$400,000,000 in excess of the amount they received last year for their wheat. The esteemed Canton organ quotes THE INDEPENDENT on this point, but fails to mention that wheat has risen some 30 cents within a few months, and is more likely to go above one dollar than to remain under that figure. With wheat up and silver down, the News-Democrat has a hard case to handle, and it is striving nobly under many disadvantages.

The Associated Press is carrying a dispatch from Columbus THE INDEPENDENT'S interesting interview with M. D. Hatchford, published on Tuesday. What the Columbus miners' convention will do with Mr. Hatchford's advice to accept 65 cents and go to work remains to be seen. The advice was good whether acceptable or not. The miners will secure a substantial increase, and broken as they are, they can hardly expect to gain more by continuing the strike. The best permanent corrective of present conditions will be the withdrawal of thousands of miners from the trade altogether. Naturally few can do this immediately, but a start can be made by giving the sons of present miners other work to do. When the number of miners is nearer the existing demand, there will be far less difficulty in securing better wages.

Mr. T. Harvey Smith, of Massillon, has been nominated for county treasurer. The experience of Stark county with Democratic treasurers has been such as to create a strong sentiment favorable to returning Republicans to that office, and without meaning disrespect to this year's Democratic candidate, the same sentiment may be expected to predominate this fall. Mr. Smith has held the office of deputy treasurer for four years. He is familiar with every detail involved in the proper management of the county finances. During the past few years Treasurer Geib and his deputy, Mr. Smith, have handled millions of dollars and have accounted for every cent. This record alone should justify Mr. Smith's election. Happily he is more than honest—he possesses unusual personal qualifications. Alert, accurate and accommodating he fits the office and the office will fit him.

Down below Dundee the farmers find profit in dairying, selling their milk to a co-operative cheese factory. This factory has been in successful operation for ten years. The manager of the institution furnishes all the implements, and takes for his share 12 1/2 per cent. of the net profits. The remainder is divided among the dairymen in proportion to the number of pounds of milk furnished. They send to the cheese factory not only milk, but a quarter of a cord of wood,

annually, for each cow. This particular concern receives the milk of 128 cows, and with cheese wholesaling at the extremely low price of 8 cents a pound, money is made every year. The milkmen figure on getting about 65 cents per hundred pounds for their milk by disposing of it in this way. The waste material is worked over into cheap butter, and this stuff is sold in Cleveland and converted into "creamy butter." The enterprise is worthy of the consideration of Stark county farmers who are looking for an opportunity to increase their earning power.

All citizens of Stark county, and especially all Republicans, will read with deep regret of the death of Mr. Thomas R. Morgan, of Alliance. Mr. Morgan had succeeded in a comparatively few years in creating an industry of great proportions, and had conferred upon the community in which he lived many benefits of lasting character. It was doubtless the greatest disappointment of his life, when, after years of faithful service to his party, he failed of election to congress, going down before the tidal wave of 1892. He was a generous friend, a careful business man, a considerate employer, and in his career exhibited the possibilities open to every man, native born or naturalized, who makes America his home. At 8 years of age he began work in a Welsh coal mine, and at the age of 63 he died surrounded by the material evidences of wealth, and mourned by thousands who respected and admired his many high qualities.

It is worth noting that for the year ending August 31, 1897, the net cost of operating the Stark county infirmary amounted to \$14,511.16, and that the average number of inmates supported during the year was 232. About two miles from the county infirmary stands the county workhouse, where the number of inmates has never exceeded 160, and is usually far below that number, and cost \$10,200.32 to maintain during the year 1896, taking the directors' report, which enters among the "receipts" several items then uncollected, and does not accord with the county commissioners' report. THE INDEPENDENT contends, and has for months contended, that it would pay to close the workhouse, and if it is to be operated, it ought to be managed as economically as the county infirmary. Meantime, it is suggested that the county commissioners should require both institutions to furnish reports in such form that exact comparisons can be made. This is impossible under the present system of accounts.

#### UNHAPPY ROYALTY.

Without doubt the Empress Elizabeth of Austria is one of the most miserable of today's sovereigns. Fate has been systematically cruel to her and has driven her from place to place without the slightest ray of happiness to brighten the darkness of the misfortunes which have surrounded her. Since the tragic death of her son, the Crown Prince Rudolph, a number of years ago, she has devoted herself to art, in wandering from one health resort to another, in long, tireless, mountain climbing and unceasing activity.

The magnificent palace "Achillion," at Corfu, upon which she has spent no less than \$6,000,000, was built under her personal superintendence, and is a wonderful masterpiece, but now that it is done she visits it only occasionally for the briefest time. The reason for this sudden antipathy to a dream of a home is unknown to most people. Those who were on the island at the time the empress first left it, upset and annoyed at the conduct of some of the inhabitants, smile at the story and say the reason she dislikes Corfu now is much the same reason that precipitated the quarrel between Frederick the Great of Prussia and the miller of Sans-Souci.

The palace at Corfu is built on a hill near the village of Gastouri and facing it at the bottom of the park is another hill dotted with country residences and oil mills. This obstructs the view and the empress expressed a desire to buy the hill. But the people who owned homes there objected. Not even for royalty would they put themselves to the inconvenience of moving. So in a half the empress left. Since then she has tried to sell the palace, but as it stands in an estate which costs \$250,000 a year to keep up, buyers are not plentiful and the palace will doubtless linger on her hands for many years.

#### D. F. McGhie Sells Out.

D. F. McGhie today retired from the flour and feed business, having disposed of the North Erie street store to Nicholas Rhine and his two sons, Frank and Edward. Mr. Rhine has been in the employ of Warwick & Justus for many years, and both he and his sons are familiar with the details of the flour and feed business. Mr. Rhine, sr., will remain with his present employers, leaving the store in the direct charge of his level-headed and energetic sons. Mr. McGhie has made many friends in the five years that he has been in business in Massillon, and while his plans for the future are not yet complete, it is the general wish that he may see his way clear to remain here.

One of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets would start the poisonous matter in the way it should go. If there's a good deal of it, better take two—that's a mildly cathartic dose.

Boils, pimples and eruptions, scrofula, salt rheum and all other manifestations of impure blood are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## THE DAY AT OAK KNOLL

### A Pleasant Picnic Draws a Large Crowd.

#### MUSIC, DANCING AND CONTESTS.

Speeches on Labor Day Delivered by Robert Bandlow and M. D. Hatchford—A Complete List of Prize Winners and Account of the Day's Amusements.

The representatives of the various labor organizations were certainly successful in their preparations for the celebration of Labor Day, for the demonstration on Monday surpassed any similar event of previous date. Business men, also, took an active interest and the morning parade was materially benefited by addition of many elaborately decorated wagons representing different branches of trade. The parade formed in South Erie and South Mill streets and at 10 o'clock proceeded over the line of mar. h. then to Oak Knoll where the exercises were conducted. The procession was headed by the Hon. John P. Jones and Edward Gleitsman, marshals of the day, and the members of the police force preceded the labor organizations led by the members of Massillon branch No. 17 of the glassblowers' union. Next came the decorated wagons representing the following business concerns: Halblaub's cigar manufactory, Anton Kepp's brewery, Crone, the furniture dealer, Meuser & Co., manufacturers of pianos, Benedict's White Place furniture store, Hackett's furniture store, Leiberman the baker, Richeimer's bakery, the Standard Oil company, Hess, Snyder & Co., the Charles Street steam laundry, Spangler & Co., hatters and men's furnisiers, the Finlay Brewing company, Segner's food store, the Singer Sewing Machine company, Beechell & Taggart, grocers, L. A. Koon's Variety Bazaar.

During the afternoon several thousand people congregated at Oak Knoll where the speaking took place, and races and other contests were conducted. Robert Bandlow, of Cleveland, was first introduced by Chairman Peter Smith, and his spirited address was warmly received. An address by Michael Hatchford, national president of the United Mine Workers of America, followed. Mr. Hatchford addressed his remarks mainly to the several hundred miners present, and was enthusiastically applauded. Mr. Hatchford explained carefully the present situation and why the miners' officials had recommended a compromise rate of 65 cents offered by the Pittsburgh operators.

#### MR. HATCHFORD'S ADDRESS.

"It was plainly apparent to us," said Mr. Hatchford, "that the operators would never pay 69 cents, the price demanded. It would be cheaper for them to cancel all contracts and keep their mines closed until the first of next year. Until we can get all miners to lay down their tools, our efforts to secure advances will be incomplete, for in the present strike too much was expected from an incomplete effort. Our miners cannot get a high rate while men in districts in direct competition work for less. In West Virginia, especially, many of the miners are working for a low rate. They strike today and resume tomorrow, and belong body and soul to the mining companies. Therefore, sufficient coal is being mined to supply the demand; today no one is suffering for coal and the acceptance of this proposed rate was especially prompted by the decision on the part of the leading Pennsylvania coal companies to ship on railroads operated by receivers, and to operate their mines by force, under protection of law, before paying 69 cents.

"Now my advice to you, fellow miners, is to accept the recommendation of your officers. If you reject it you will have to fight it out to the end, and I fear the result. We are ready to continue if you can bring out the miners who are working, as we have failed to do so, or give us strong backing like the staunch miners of the Massillon district.

"The advance demanded by the miners' organization is fifteen cents per ton. The proposed compromise gives us eleven cents a ton, or four cents less than our demand. The gain to the Ohio miners alone by multiplying the increase by the number of tons produced annually would amount to \$1,430,000. Add to this amount a proportionate advance to all branches of labor around the mines, and it will increase the amount to nearly \$2,000,000, to be divided between the 25,000 miners and mine laborers in this state alone. Carry this line of reasoning to Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois and West Virginia, and we find that the total gains to the miners of those states will exceed \$9,000,000 annually, or in the neighborhood of \$75 to \$80 per man. Of course, it is understood that this agreement, if endorsed, will not continue longer than the first of the year. We have but four months to work under it, but in those four months, owing to the fact that the markets are pretty well emptied, the miners will be busily employed, and will at least derive an advantage fully equal to one-half the amount named between this and the end of the year. On January 1st a further increase, in my judgment, will take place, though I am unable to say what the amount may be."

In conclusion Mr. Hatchford spoke of the condition of the American miners, claiming that those of England were better off today and did not proclaim freedom, but were subjects of the queen. No form of government is complete, he said, while its subjects are denied the opportunities of earning a livelihood. Every man and woman who is desirous of working should be able to find employment. Mr. Hatchford feels very good over the accomplishment of the

strike. He feels that organized labor has gained a great victory.

"I have no doubt," he said today, "that our miners will meet the proposition like men and be guided by their judgment rather than by their desires. Our executive council was unanimous in its recommendation, each member, like myself, feeling that it was his duty to make known the actual condition and recommend according to his judgment. With this done the case rests in the hands of the miners, and if they see fit to continue it the responsibility of their failure will be theirs and not their officers'. I don't anticipate, however, any such continuance. The miners will accept, and work will be resumed in a few days."

#### RESULTS OF THE CONTESTS.

The contests resulted as follows:  
100 yard foot race—John Nolan, \$3; Curt Heintzelman, \$2; P. Shepherd, sack of flour.  
100 foot boys' race on all fours—Sidney Kaylor, suit of clothes; Wm. Bostwick, pair of shoes; Thomas Rose, cap.  
Girls' race—Ethel McConnell, dress pattern; Arline Bamberger, pair of shoes; Maud Barkheimer, silk handkerchief.  
Tug race—John Dulabaum, \$5; Harry Wendling, \$1; Leo Killoway, 50 cents.  
Fat man's race—T. Getz, \$3 and hat; Thomas McGuire, box of cigars; Fred Fricker, sack of flour.  
Boys' race, 100 yards, 15 years and under—Andrew Garver, lamp; Herbert Dinus, shoes; Clarence Paul, shirt.  
Girls' race, 75 yards, 15 years and under—Ella Brady, \$2; Lena Cramer, shoes; Millie Shertzer, gloves.  
Married woman's race, 75 yards—Mrs. A. S. Bamberger, \$5 and parasol; Mrs. Edward Fothergill, \$3.50 and picture; Mrs. Moylan, flour can.

Tug-of-war, between East and West Side teams—West Side won, prize \$5; consolation prize, half box of tobacco.

The sides were chosen as follows: West Side—G. W. Youtz, J. W. Burwell, C. Pader, E. E. Rogers, Mr. Hoppes, F. Kuhn, Owen Courtney, W. Tasker, W. Shively and John Greshamer. East Side—C. Smith, D. Shaidnagle, H. Smith, C. Frantz, E. Lustig, Mr. Leading, Mr. Wallace, C. Clapper, H. Blair and Jacob Axne.

Boys' racing shoes race—Walter Burkhardt, shoes; William Gardner, pair of shoes; Carl Getz, pair of shoes.

Sack race—A. S. Bamberger, \$2; Ralph Coleman, one of THE INDEPENDENT'S trusty carrier boys, prize, a sack of flour; W. Smith, coffee mill.

Huckleberry pie eating match—Carl Fricker, \$1.50; Oscar Killoway, sack of flour.

#### TEACHERS' RESOLUTIONS.

Adopted at the Late Stark County Institute.

"Resolved, That the members of the association express their hearty appreciation of the act of the executive committee in bringing to the teachers of Stark county such helpful instruction as has been given during the week by Dr. Richard G. Boone and Miss Sarah L. Arnold.

"That the thanks of the association are hereby extended to its officers for their successful management of the session, to Miss Kate Harvey, Supt. J. H. Focht, Virgil Mills, Mr. Strasser, and the Misses Byrl and Esta Fox for the enjoyment afforded by their music, to J. M. Sarver for his talks, to Miss Grace Ringle for her eloquent and entertaining, to the trustees of the First Presbyterian church for the use of the lecture room, and to everyone who contributed to the success of the session.

"That the county examiners and county secretary of the Ohio Teachers' Reading Circle, J. A. Syler, be commended for the interest manifested by them in Reading Circle work, and for their efforts to encourage the self-government of teachers; That this body unites in requesting all teachers to be more zealous in their efforts to encourage pupils to make use of the advantages afforded by the Boxwell law, and that it exert its influence to secure the enactment of a measure requiring boards of education to pay the tuition of the graduates under the law.

"That the association recognizes in the township institute a means for the development of an educational sentiment and recommends the holding of such institutes.

"Be it further resolved, That with regret teachers of the county learned of the death of Dr. E. T. Nelson, of Ohio Wesleyan University, and Supt. Sebastian Thomas, of Ashland, formerly of Stark county, and they feel deeply the loss the profession has sustained in the death of these two men."

#### Mr. Beeler's Eventful Trip.

When W. H. Beeler, who carries mail between this city and Maysville, reached home, Tuesday evening, he had a hard time convincing his townsmen that his wagon had not been struck by an electric car in Massillon. The truth of the matter, Mr. Beeler says, is that one of the wheels gave way, three or four miles west of this town, and he and two passengers and hundreds of people's mail were delayed for a long time. Farther west another breakdown occurred, and it was 11 o'clock before Maysville was finally reached. Mr. Beeler's wagon seems to have just naturally fallen to pieces, and he has replaced it now with a new and better one.

"As if a brick were lying in my stomach" is the description by a dyspeptic of his feeling after eating.

This is one of the commonest symptoms of indigestion. If you have it, take Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Not only this symptom, but all the symptoms of indigestion are cured by Shaker Digestive Cordial.

So many medicines to cure this disorder. Only one that can be called successful, because only one that acts in a simple, natural, and yet scientific way. Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Purely vegetable, and containing no dangerous ingredients, Shaker Digestive Cordial tones up, strengthens, and restores to health all the digestive organs.

Sold by all druggists, price 10 cents to \$1.00 a bottle.

## THE OFFER REJECTED.

### Masillon Miners Object to the Settlement.

#### THEY INSTRUCT THEIR DELEGATES.

In Great Numbers They Assemble on the Rolling Mill Green, Tuesday Morning, and Hold a Mass Convention—Other News About the Mining Situation.

Miners came from every part of the district, Tuesday morning, to attend the mass meeting on the rolling mill green, called for the purpose of selecting and instructing delegates to the convention to be held in Columbus, on Wednesday. There were more than 400 present in all, seventy of them coming from Navarre in the L. Hess Coal Company's boat, the W. J. Bryan. A number from Wadsworth and other towns in the northern end of the district were also in attendance. The meeting was independent of all unions, having been called by neither.

John J. Mossop, president of the district miners' independent organization, presided, and A. L. Williams, of the same union, was secretary. The selection of the delegates occupied considerable time. The names of James Castor, Frank Welch, John Adley, James Parks, and J. J. Mossop were proposed, and Messrs. Adley, Parks and Mossop were finally decided upon. The names of many others were also suggested, but they were withdrawn in the same moment. Each delegate will represent 700 men, 2,100 being the approximate number of miners in the district.

Michael New then made a motion, which was seconded, that the delegates be instructed to vote for the acceptance of the proposed rate of 56 cents for Ohio, and after speeches by almost everybody, it was defeated by an overwhelming majority. Another motion was then made that the delegates be authorized to vote for nothing less than the 69 cent rate, and this was carried by a practically unanimous vote.

James Appleby made a speech of considerable length, in which he said that the best thing for the district miners' independent organization to do was to again affiliate with the U. M. W. of A. There was some cheering then, but there was more when President Mossop remarked that he felt about the same way. It seemed to be the general sentiment, and all hailed with joy the news that Fred Dilcher, national organizer of the U. M. W. of A., would soon be among them for the purpose of bringing about the unification.

#### JONES AND SNYDER.

Returns in from All but One Stark County Precinct.

The latest report from Republican county headquarters, at 2:30 p. m., gives the following result of the primary election held on Saturday afternoon:

For state senator, Silas J. Williams, 4,409; for representative (two to be nominated), John P. Jones 2,337, J. B. Snyder 2,099, T. F. Williams 1,561, George W. Wilhelm 2,011, W. B. Dager 512; For sheriff, T. J. Bidwell, 1,336; John J. Zaiser, 1,965; Homer J. Stone, 1,619. For recorder, Frank M. Whitman, 1,226; Charles Dougherty, 216; J. Frank Werner, 1,444.

For treasurer, T. Harvey Smith, 4,157. For commissioner, Levi Johnson, 1,393. For infirmary director, W. M. Hardgrove, 2,547; Jacob N. Shaub, 2062.

Every precinct in the county has been heard from excepting Stands. This, however, cannot change the result.

#### KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN.

Their Annual Field Day Exercises at Meyer's Lake.

The Commanderies of the Sixth district of Ohio, Knights of St. John, held their third annual field day at Meyer's Lake on Monday. Immediately after dinner the regimental drill by six commanderies in full dress uniform took place. Following this was the competitive exhibition drill for prizes. The prizes were awarded as follows the percent being taken from a possible 1400 points: No. 294, Alliance, 1180; No. 6, Akron, 1130; No. 205, Canton, 1095; No. 51, Massillon, 990; No. 42, Akron, 695. The Alliance Knights felt good over winning the first prize and when it was presented to them they raised their captain in the air and carried him through the woods.

Commanderies Nos. 42 of Akron and 51 of Massillon undertook a tug of war, Akron winning. Many other contests took place and the affair was a great success.

#### SERIES OF QUOTI GAMES.

Talk of Arranging One to be Played in This City.

There is talk of arranging a series of quot games to be played in this city and East Greenville. Thomas Gray, formerly of North Lawrence, champion of Stark county, is expected to return to these parts before long, and with Jack Boyd and others participating, the events would be sure to be close and exciting. Boyd claims he was handicapped in the game in Massillon on Monday, when C. Logan won \$5, T. Deighton \$3, and Mr. Boyd \$2. There were seven others in the game, and Mr. Boyd had to give all from 5 to 12 points start. It took place in the rear of Miller's West Tremont street saloon.

#### A Cure for Bilious Colic.

Resource, Screven Co., Ga.—I have been subject to attacks of bilious colic for several years. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the only sure relief. It acts like a charm. One dose of it gives relief when all other remedies fail.—G. D. Sharp. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist, Opera block.

## At Four Score.

### Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.



UNCLE EZEKIEL OBEAR, assessor and tax collector, Beverly, Mass., who has passed the 80th life mile stone, says: "Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine has done a great deal of good. I suffered for years from sleeplessness and nervous heart trouble. Would feel weary and used up in the morning, had no ambition and my work seemed a burden. A friend recommended Dr. Miles' Nervine, and I purchased a bottle under protest as I had tried so many remedies unsuccessfully. I thought it no use. But it gave me restful sleep, a good appetite and restored me to energetic health. It is a grand good medicine, and I will gladly write anyone inquiring, full particulars of my satisfactory experience."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

## ROUTINE COUNCIL WORK

### Several Ordinances Taken Up and Passed.

#### A PROTEST BY PROPERTY OWNERS

The Regular City Council Meeting Held Tuesday Evening—East Street to be Improved—Sewer Right of Way Under Consideration—The Bills Paid.

President Brown called the regular meeting of the city council to order Tuesday night, with barely a quorum present. Messrs. Paul, Kouth, Jacoby, Tracy and Brown answered at roll call, but during the session Messrs. Kramer and Smith entered.

Clerk Haring read a petition, signed by Mrs. C. McC. Everhard and eleven other owners of property in South Summit street, requesting that the proposition to open the south portion of said street be carried out. The petition was accepted, on Mr. Smith's motion, and referred to the street and alley committee.

A petition signed by property owners in East Tremont street protested against the occupancy of a portion of said street by buildings erected by Warwick & Justus. This was referred to the solicitor and judiciary committee, on Mr. Paul's motion.

The street and alley committee recommended the adoption of the ordinances to improve Richville avenue, East street, Grant street, and Wissmar avenue, and to appropriate property for street purposes. A motion to accept the report was agreed to.

An ordinance to improve Grant street from Main street to the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway was read the second time. On Mr. Paul's motion, the rules were suspended and the ordinance was read a third time and passed.

An ordinance to improve East street, from a point 300 feet north of Richville avenue to a point 600 feet south thereof, was read a second and third time and passed, the rules being suspended on Mr. Paul's motion.

An ordinance to improve Wissmar avenue from West Tremont to West Main street was read the second time. Mr. Paul's motion to suspend the rules for a second reading was lost, Mr. Brown voting no.

An ordinance to appropriate certain property for the extension of Andrew and Cypress streets was read the second time.

An ordinance to improve Richville avenue from East to Grape street was read the third time and passed.

An ordinance was introduced by Mr. Paul, providing for the amendment of rule No. 9 of section 201 of the city ordinances, so as to prevent the obstruction of sewers. The ordinance was referred to the sewer committee.

A contract presented by Mr. Jacoby, whereby Mr. and Mrs. C. L. McLain and Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Russell, for the consideration of \$50 agree to grant the city permission to enter their lands, in constructing a storm water sewer, draining Richville avenue, to a creek near the Ft. Wayne tracks. The contract was referred to the sewer committee on Mr. Paul's motion. Messrs. Kouth and Smith voted no.

#### Make the Most of Yourself.

It is the duty of every man to make the most of himself. Whatever his capacities may be, he is sure to find some place where he may be useful to himself and others. But he cannot reach his highest usefulness without good health and he cannot have good health without pure blood. The blood circulates to every organ and tissue and when it is pure, rich and healthy it carries health to the entire system, but if it is impure it scatters disease wherever it flows. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier. It cures salt rheum, scrofula, catarrh, dyspepsia, and rheumatism because these diseases have their origin in the blood.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.



LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

L. J. Vogt is spending a few days in Akron.

Mrs. Henry Falke is visiting Cleveland friends.

Melville Everhard has returned from Newcastle, Pa.

Dr. and Mrs. T. F. Reed left Tuesday for Niagara Falls.

Fred Justus has come down from Cleveland to spend a few days.

W. F. Walter, of Mineral Point, is the guest of Massillon friends.

Miss Mamie Falke is entertaining Miss Mae Keegan, of Cleveland.

Mrs. Frank Stadden, of Cleveland, is visiting Massillon relatives.

Joseph Coleman left Saturday evening for California, to visit his sister.

The Harmonia band will give a concert in the park Friday evening.

Miss Gertrude Rigdon is spending a few days with friends in Allegheny, Pa.

J. S. Miller, superintendent of the Seville schools, spent Monday morning in the city.

Miss Carrie Gise is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. W. R. Hier in Cleveland, O.

Miss Blanche McCue has returned home, after spending the summer at Deer Park, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bammerlin left on Wednesday for Wheeling, to visit Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bammerlin.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wise have gone to Cleveland, Detroit and Pittsburgh to the millinery openings, to purchase goods.

The Rev. Dr. Earl D. Holtz, presiding elder of this district, preached at the First Methodist church Sunday morning.

Mrs. William Howarth entertained about thirty-five friends, Monday afternoon, at her home in Woodland avenue.

Misses Jessie Russell and Helen Hunt have returned from Newcomerstown, where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. Croxton.

Mrs. F. B. McConnell, a former resident of this city, but now of Terre Haute, Ind., is the guest of her son, Layton McConnell, at the Moffit farm.

The high school is crowded this year as never before. Three rooms are occupied, and additional seats are being squeezed in wherever space can be found for them.

A. F. Portman and Fred Wagner are expected back from Holms county tonight, where they have been hunting for several days, with their usual well-filled game sacks.

Mr. and Mrs. Booth, Mrs. Booth and Miss Core, of New Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. Smith and daughter, of Uhrichsville, spent Sunday with Prof. and Mrs. L. G. Graves.

Mrs. C. D. Bicknell, of Cleveland, and Mrs. Philip Walters, of Mansfield, are visiting Mrs. G. L. Albrecht. Mrs. Bicknell resided in Massillon some years ago, and has seldom visited here since.

Many Massillon people attended the funeral of the late Mrs. James A. Rose, the mother of Mrs. Bert Hankins, of this city, which took place from the Cross Roads church, Sunday morning.

The ten-ton boilers which are to be placed in the power house at the Massillon hospital for insane, arrived in the C. & W. yards in this city, this morning. The boilers were manufactured in St. Louis.

A telegram to friends in the city announces the death of F. L. Watters, of Morton, Minn. Mr. Watters lived in Massillon some years ago, and at one time, with his father, carried on business at the paper mill.

The fall term of the union schools began today and after a vacation of ten weeks the pupils are eager to resume their studies. The board of education having recommended no new books for the coming year, the studies will remain the same.

Jonathan Stoner and James A. Raush, of Massillon, have been chosen as petit jurors for the United States federal court at Cleveland. They will report at 10 a. m. on October 5th. A. J. Kittinger, of Canal Fulton has been drawn as a grand juror.

A surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Huth, Saturday afternoon, in honor of their daughter's guest, Miss Laura Ballinger, of Akron. A delicious luncheon was served at 5 o'clock, and all returned home at 9 o'clock, having had a most enjoyable time.

Local grocers received mourning cards Tuesday morning announcing the death of A. L. Dutton, salesman for J. M. Bour & Company, of Toledo, at his home last Friday. Mr. Dutton was one of the most popular traveling men on the road, and it is but two weeks since he was making his regular calls in Massillon.

The five-year old daughter of Captain Reichard fell from the deck of the E. Moore into the Canal, near the Main street bridge Monday morning, and would surely have drowned, had not Harmon Richardson been near at hand overboard by catching hold of a rope attached to a bucket in which one of the hands was drawing water.

Something, Charles Walrath knows not what, stung his hand as he lay asleep under a shade tree on the farm of his employer, G. Hanley, on Tuesday, and the uncertainty concerning the nature of the wound, the intense pain, and a much swollen palm make him as miserable as a man can be, as he restlessly paces the deck of the North Doli today.

For Mr. Walrath is a sailor by profession, and was near the home of his craft when he encountered the insect, or reptile, or whatever it was that stung him.

The trustees of the Massillon hospital for insane met in Cleveland on Friday afternoon and are now making a tour of

the various asylums, inspecting the various methods of disposing of sewerage and garbage, with the view of establishing a plant here. The large boilers which will furnish heat and power to the numerous buildings are expected to arrive from St. Louis today. Landscape Gardener Heverline, of Springfield, is now engaged at the asylum site.

Anton Kopp gave a picnic at Millport grove, on Sunday, the members of the Brewery Workmen's union and many others being in attendance. There was an abundance of good things to eat and drink, and there were toasts and a base ball game. Mr. Kopp, Mayor Schott, Lewis Geis, Mr. Speitschka, Mr. Fereski and many others made post prandial speeches. The Massillon and Millport Kopp employes played a one inning game of base ball, the former winning by the score of 4 to 1.

The Canton Repository never could concede a fair and square victory to Massillon. In its account of the pursuit race on Monday, in which the Cantoni-ans worked hard after long training and much boasting, the Repository makes these grudging observations: "The pursuit race had been canceled owing to the mishaps to Canton men. Elated with success the Massillonians demanded the pursuit race and it was put on the boards. Only two members of the Canton team were able to take part in the race, and Shimp and Rich Reed, in every day garb, were pressed into service at the last moment. The result was a foregone conclusion."

John W. Reineohl, whose barn recently burned, and whose horses ran upon the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway, soon becoming fastened in a bridge and threatening to toss the expected excursion train over the embankment upon its arrival, is in town today. Mr. Reineohl, who is the ticket agent at Sippos, says that he is the man who first thought of flagging the train before it reached the horses, and that Albert Groff was acting under his orders when he took his lantern and did so. Mr. Reineohl is willing that Master Groff should be called a brave boy and a hero, but he also wants it known that as an employee of the company his first thought was its property, and he withdrew his attention from his burning barn to do his duty as he saw it.

COUNTY FINANCES.

Some Items of Expense as they Appear by the Books.

CANTON, Sept. 8.—The following is a report of the expenditures at the Stark county infirmary during the year ending August 31, 1897:	
Incidentals.....	\$ 788.55
Flour.....	659.17
Groceries.....	2,059.30
Meats.....	2,831.23
Repairs.....	1,452.66
Fuel and light.....	1,202.55
Wages of employees.....	2,280.00
Superintendent's salary.....	480.00
Matron's salary.....	360.00
Physician's salary.....	262.05
Dry goods and clothing.....	1,804.77
Shoes.....	267.38
Drugs.....	532.17
Water rent.....	125.00
Feed.....	155.85
Soap.....	146.86
Tobacco.....	164.67
Bedsteads.....	119.80
Horses.....	200.00
Printing.....	31.25
Collins.....	88.38
Total.....	\$16,908.14

The receipts for boarding inmates of the institution have been \$2,443.98. During the same period sales of farm products amounted to \$63. This makes a total of \$2,506.98. Deducting this from the total cost, it leaves a net cost of \$14,311.16. The average number of inmates of the infirmary during the year was 232. The per capita was \$62.55.

Frank Umbenhour, residing west of Massillon, whose mind was unbalanced, through religious excitement, was taken to the Toledo mental hospital yesterday by the sheriff.

Joseph K. Merwin, of Massillon, and Charles R. Frazier, of Canton, are at work on the regular semi-annual examination of the county treasury.

Sale bill and final account have been filed in the estate of Mary A. Houser, of Nimishillen township. A final account has been filed in the estate of Dominick Heinzer, of Tuscarawas township. A petition to terminate the guardianship of Charles Warner, of Canton, has been filed. First partial accounts have been filed in the estates of Maria H. Baker, of Canton, and William L. Myers, of Paris township. A petition for sale of real estate has been filed in the estate of Harmon Shriver, of Massillon. Appraisement has been ordered in the estate of Catharine Miller, of Massillon.

Wasted Lives.

Some people use their energies in a way that wastes the greater part of them. Hurry, worry, irritation, vexation, determination, and foolish anxiety keeps them constantly wasting precious vitality. This is foolishness. People do not want irritation or stimulation. When anyone is tired he wants rest, not stimulants. When any one's energies begin to flag recuperation, not irritation, is wanted. "All tired out," some people say, "I need a stimulant." A very mistaken idea. No doubt such a one is in need of invigoration, recuperation, but not stimulants. Stimulants draw upon the vigor which one already possesses; they produce no vigor. When one is tired out nervous, weak and despondent, Pe-ru-na is what is needed in the system. Pe-ru-na invigorates, recuperates, builds up, vitalizes, enriches, reinforces. Unlike so many other remedies, it does not simply irritate and stimulate. Pe-ru-na is an invigorator to nerve and blood. Send for a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book. Address The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Co., Columbus, Ohio.

We Do Printing.

We print everything from books to hand bills. We have the building, the printing machines and the men. Good work at fair prices and full count every time. The Independent Company, North Erie street.

THEY ALL CAME TO TOWN

Newman Empties Itself Into Massillon.

OBSERVATIONS FROM "THE HILL."

Labor Day at Massillon.—The Relief Work Among the Miners.—The Columbus Convention.—The Result of the Primary Election Satisfactory in Lawrence Township.

NEWMAN, Sept. 9.—The miners' committee distributed all the goods purchased and collected to the needy last Friday. The money was used to the best possible advantage, by purchasing flour at the lowest cash wholesale prices, of which a sack was given to each family, and one pound of coffee. Through the kindness of Weyman & Bros., each one who used tobacco, received three one-fourth packages.

The Labor Day exercises at Massillon, on Monday, drew nearly our entire population to "Oak Knoll," where all seemed to enjoy themselves to their hearts' content. This Assembly is to be congratulated on their change from Yingling's grove to McClymond's park, where ample accommodations were extended to all. M. D. Hatchford's address was listened to with marked attention, and proved a complete explanation of the mining situation. Mr. Bandlow's remarks were somewhat punctured and tintured a little too much with parties, to have much effect.

The settlement of the coal miners' strike by our officials, does not meet the approval of the miners in the Massillon district, as evidenced by their action at the rolling mill mass meeting on Tuesday. We are sorry that such a feeling prevails, and we anticipate a red hot convention at Columbus this week, but we trust that the best conservative judgment of the delegates will characterize the convention, and that matters will be adjusted in such a manner as to cement harmony among the miners, and between them and their officials, and for the best interests of our entire craft.

Mrs. Elizabeth Edwards is in Massillon for an extended visit with relatives. Mrs. Jennie Reese and family returned home on Monday after a ten days' visit with friends at Mineral Point. "Camp Jolly" composed of Newman and Massillon people broke camp at Turkeyfoot lake Sunday after having had an elegant time. Miss M. E. Findley occupied Labor Day in mastering the art of riding her new wheel, the same being accomplished allows, happiness to reign supreme.

Our Republican primary election passed off quietly. Forty-four votes were polled in which Jones and Williams took the lead for representative. Stone for sheriff, Dougherty and Werner about even for recorder, and Hardgrove for infirmary director. The result of the nomination gives our township two candidates on the ticket in the persons of the Hon. John P. Jones, the statesman from North Lawrence for representative, and Wm. M. Hardgrove, of this precinct for infirmary director. This should and will justify old Lawrence township in rallying up a Republican majority next November of 200 for the entire ticket.

CRYSTAL SPRING LETTER.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Sept. 9.—Wm. Klein is on the sick list. John Moore, of Magnolia, spent last week in this village. J. H. Meiner has finished painting his residence. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Crookston, of Massillon, visited in town last Sunday. Wm. Ries has fully recovered from the effects of being poisoned. Miss Alice Inman, of Akron, is spending her vacation at Pleasant View farm. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Griffith, of Canal Fulton, were in the village on Labor Day. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Meisner spent Sunday in West Brookfield. Labor Day was a quiet one in our village. Many people went to Canton and Massillon, while others passed the day in larger cities. Mrs. George Klein received the sad intelligence announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. Mary Whistler, in Akron. A team from Massillon defeated the Athletics on Saturday, by a score of 8 to 7. Our band, accompanied by about fifty people, went to Clinton last Saturday, where that talented organization was engaged to play for a festival. The trip was made by way of the canal, and all had a good time. The hunting season opened last Wednesday, and our sportsmen on the trail of the "cotton tails." Last Sunday evening marked the closing scenes of the colored camp meetings. Camp Blee has been deserted, and our village again has its usual quiet appearance.

The miners assembled in Leonard's hall on Monday night, and unanimously decided to remain out for the sixty-nine cent rate. Shad White was elected president, and Barney Post secretary. The Buena Tempis Social club met in special session last Friday night. Frank Glutting is chairman and Mary Kapper secretary. The society decided that the best place to enjoy Labor Day was at Turkeyfoot lake, and accordingly a wagon was secured and all the dust and heat did not prevent them from carrying out their plans. At last that beautiful resort was reached, and all entered into the festivities. They sailed across the lake to a lovely spot which they christened "Camp Where Are We At," and then some one pressed the button and the fun began, and lasted until 8:30 at night. One ate too much watermelon; another drank impure water, while others did not enjoy the ride on the lake. All these things did not take effect until the homeward journey had begun, and then it seemed as though the patients would not live to see the rising of another sun. All are better now. Ed. Heyman took the wrong road, and returned home via Richville. The brewers and bottlers

held a basket picnic in the park on Sunday. The main attraction of the day was the ball game, which lasted but one inning, as the ball got lost in a straw stack. Snyder won first prize in the fat men's race. The band rendered some good music during the afternoon. Then the brewery whistle blew and all took passage on the boat "A. K." for Massillon. A movement is on foot to organize a Christian Endeavor society at this place.

LETTER FROM NAVARRE.

NAVARE, Sept. 8.—Thomas Griffith and family, of Canton, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Miller. Miss Minnie Slater, who has been visiting with relatives here, returned home to Massillon on Monday. She was accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Drame. Mrs. Jasper Ross and children have returned home after a pleasant visit with her mother, Mrs. A. J. Rider. Will Garrigues spent a few hours in town on Sabbath. Charles Goltz is visiting in Canton. Miss Linda Hug returned home Tuesday after a delightful visit with Mansfield friends. The Navarre band gave a concert on Saturday evening. We hope it will be continued as long as the weather will permit, for it is quite a treat to the people of this place, their appreciation being generally made known in person.

WILMOT LETTER.

WILMOT, Sept. 8.—The primary election was well attended Saturday afternoon. Our schools commenced Monday. At this writing the Valley school has no teacher engaged for the winter term. Our new store is doing a good business so is the bakery under the new proprietor, Ben Weldon, jr. The Wilmot band furnished music at the Wiesburg reunion on Thursday and at a picnic near Barr's mill on Saturday. Alfred Pfouts, of Canton, visited here the past week. Isaac Kilmer, of Geauga county, has so far recovered from the effects of a sunstroke in July that he now does his own work on the farm.

A GROWING RESORT.

Mt. Eaton and the Many Attractions of Its Neighborhood.

Mt. Eaton, Sept. 8.—Our little village among the hills is fast becoming a summer resort. The Lucas hotel was thronged a greater portion of the time, the past season. They come for rest, and here they can find cool shade, well prepared meals, clean beds and pure air. When the pig sty, saloons and the garbage of the alleys are abolished, we will all be benefited, both physically and morally, and could breathe a free and more exhilarating atmosphere. Let us have some better sanitary regulations and our town will receive a boom not known before.

Miss May Lucas, of the Loudonville hotel, was a visitor the last week in August, at the American hotel, the proprietor being her uncle. She had a delightful time. On Saturday, the 28th ult., she in company with Miss Minnie Pinkerton, of Canton, were guests of the Cheyney sisters, on the southwest side of the public square, and report a joyous time. They are bright and modest young ladies and are quite well accomplished for their young years.

There is some talk of paving the streets and sidewalks. May the work be well done, if but a little at a time, so that it may be permanent and not so as to be required every year, as has been done in the past. More effective work creates a good feeling among the citizens, and they will aid the enterprise without any compulsion. May good material be chosen and not that sort of brick and mortar that will crumble by the first winter's frost.

A wedding or two are imminent. School begins today with two new teachers. Children are anxious for their work, having had a long vacation.

ONIONS AT ORRVILLE.

Thousands of Bushels Grown there this Year.

A writer for the Orville Crescent visited the Orville onion fields on the swamp farms east of town one day last week to witness the process of topping and packing the crop now in process.

To one who remembers that but a few years ago these fertile fields were a swamp covered with a dense growth of wild grass and scrubby trees, the change is a marvelous one.

The two farms in charge of E. M. Tanner, owned by the Wellington syndicate, consist of 125 acres under the name of farms Nos. 1 and 2, and it is estimated that this year's crop of onions will yield fully 75,000 bushels, which at present quotations of \$2.25 and some \$2.50 per barrel will net a handsome sum.

On the lower or No. 1 farm from 60 to 70 hands are engaged in topping, crating, packing and shipping the crop, and on swamp No. 2 about 85 hands are engaged in the same work.

They are shipping from two to three car loads per day, principally to the south, where the onion crop is a short one this year. They have made shipments to Atlanta, Macon, and Savannah, Georgia; Charleston, S. C.; Louisville, Ky.; Richmond, Va.; Newark, N. J.; and Philadelphia.

Peter Graber, on the south side of the road adjoining farm No. 1, has 25 acres of onions which he is now harvesting and 32 hands are at work gathering the crop. Mr. Graber will also have a big yield and is shipping his onions to the south and east.

Society of the Army of West Virginia.

COLUMBUS, Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press] The Society of the Army of West Virginia, met today. Gen. W. H. Powell of Illinois in the chair. Governor Bushnell and Mayor Black made welcoming speeches. Captain Thos. S. McKee of Washington, delivered an address. The exercises will continue three days. Gen. W. S. Duval, Kansas, Gov. Atkinson of West Virginia, Gen. I. H. Duval, H. Clay Evans, Senator Foraker and Ex-Gov. McConkie, West Virginia, are present or are expected to arrive.

Now is the time to subscribe.

MINERS IN SESSION.

Delegates From Competitive Fields In Columbus Today.

CONSIDERING PITTSBURG OFFER.

President Hatchford Thinks It Will Be Accepted.—He Says Operators Would Keep Their Mines Closed, if Strikers Held Out For 60-Cent Rate.

[By Associated Press to THE INDEPENDENT.]

COLUMBUS, Sept. 8.—The United Mine Workers' convention met at 10, appointed a committee on credentials, and adjourned until 1. From the talk of delegates it is thought they will decide, after a long discussion, to return to work.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press]—Operators expect to hear an order declaring the strike off before the end of the day. They are busy getting ready to start the mines. Lake shippers from Cleveland are here making contracts for coal.

OWASSO, Mich., Sept. 8.—[By Associated Press]—Todd Kincaid, president of the Cornura Coal Company, has notified his miners of an advance since September 1, of five cents per ton for mining. This gives to each miner an advance of ten to twenty-five cents per day. The advance was unsolicited.

AKRON, Sept. 8.—Canal men at this point are doing a big business digging out and shipping slack that has accumulated at the old mines here for the past thirty years. Hundreds of tons are being marketed at \$1.35 a ton.

MASSILLON OPERATORS MEET.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 8.—At a meeting of the Massillon operators in the Weddell House yesterday forenoon it was decided that the operators should wait until the agreement had been officially ratified before they should make an effort to resume work in any of their mines. It was said to be the consensus of opinion among the operators present during the session that the differences between the operators and miners had been adjusted satisfactorily but it was considered good policy to wait until the agreement was ratified. All the operators in the Massillon district were represented at the meeting, and from all that could be learned after the adjournment no change in prices was reported.

"How will the resumption of work in the mines affect the price of coal?" was asked of one operator.

"The price will have to be slightly advanced over the former price, but the manufacturers and consumers of steam coal have been paying a heavy advance for several months already, an advance which was the direct result of the coal strike and the fact that the output of the mines was restricted. With all the mines working, however, there is reason to believe that the present quotations will drop to that figure which will represent the advance in wages of the miners and the usual profit of the operator, which, by the way, is small, for the reason that his expenses are so large."

MR. TAYLER IN TOWN.

He Drops in to Call Upon His Massillon Constituents.

Congressman Robert W. Tayler, of Lisbon, and Edward King, secretary of elections committee No. 1 of the House of Representatives, were in Massillon on Tuesday, and called at THE INDEPENDENT office. Mr. Tayler is much improved in health, and will be prepared to go into the fall campaign with his usual vigor. He has recommended postmasters for nearly all the fourth-class offices in his district, and will have more time this winter for legislative work. He regards the outlook for the Republican party as particularly bright. With wheat up and silver down, and prosperity approaching by visible strides, he sees every reason for Republican good cheer, and hopes that no local differences will arise to detract in any manner from the force of a great party victory this fall.

GAME WITH CANTON, SUNDAY.

An Exciting Event Promised by Manager Wise.

Manager Wise has arranged a ball game with the Canton club for Sunday at Mahaffey park. He says that the Goodbarts are going over in strong condition, and if victory is not wrested from the boastful Cantonians it will not be because the Massillonians cannot play ball. In the championship series the Cantonians now have two games to their credit and the Massillonians one. The Sunday game should tie the score.

Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, rash, rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver troubles, catarrh—cures which prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. cure liver ill; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

KNEW THE JAMES BOYS.

John Minger and His Recollections.

HE REVISITS HIS OLD HOME.

A Former Massillonian Who Has Had a Varied Experience in the West—He Deals With the Bandits for Years and Knew Them Well.

John Minger, of Hamilton, Mo., is making his first visit in twenty-two years to Massillon, being the guest of his cousin, C. M. Whitman. Mr. Minger was originally a Stark county man, leaving Massillon in 1853 going to South Bend, Ind., from which place, in 1868, he moved to his present home.

In those days the James boys and their gang were terrorizing the West. Hamilton is but a few miles from Carney, where the James boys lived, and where Mrs. Samuels, their mother, still resides, and being the proprietor of a grocery and bakery with a restaurant in connection, Mr. Minger had ample opportunity to form the acquaintance of every member of the gang. In that neighborhood in those days nobody said a word against the bandits, for it was as much as one's life was worth to do it. Mr. Minger used to sell to them the same as others, and they were always willing to pay for all they got. Mr. Minger was sufficiently interested to inquire into the fate of the gang not long ago, and found the Youngers in the Stillwater prison, Frank James in poor health and circumstances, and Jesse James, jr., supporting his mother in Kansas City, being in the employ of Armour, and daily refusing offers to go upon the stage.

The True Remedy.

W. M. Reppine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. Experienced with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for coughs, colds, whooping cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides, it is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action, and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. 25c a bottle.

It Saves the Croupy Children.

SEAVIEW, Va.—We have a splendid sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and our customers coming from far and near, speak of it in the highest terms. Many have said that their children would have died of croup if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy had not been given.—Kellam & Durren. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist, Opera block.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

"My boy came home from school one day with his hand badly lacerated and bleeding, and suffering great pain," says E. J. Schall, with Meyer Bros.' Drug Co., St. Louis, Mo. "I dressed the wound, and applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely. All pain ceased, and in a remarkably short time it healed without leaving a scar. For wounds, sprains, and rheumatism I know of no medicine or prescription equal to it. I consider it a household necessity." The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist, Opera block.



## SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR.

Now this here "pome" is writ for fun (leastways, it's not for money). And when with reading it you've done You'll vote it awfully funny. Besides, what's more, it's very clear, As self appear hereafter. There's naught for giving health that's As good as killing laughter.

But just read on, and when you've done You'll find yourself much better. My muse will make you die with fun If I will only let her. Leastways, you'll have a perfect fit (though he's not), as said the tailor, If her exhaustless well of wit Doesn't dry up and fail her.

My jokes can't fail to make you well, For they are simply killing (though he's not), as said the tailor, If her exhaustless well of wit Doesn't dry up and fail her.

Some say this life's but one huge joke, If people only know it. (Now, here just double up and choke And you will never me it.) Now, don't take time to catch your breath, But roar and scream with laughter, And how I've tickled you to death I may explain hereafter.

—Emile Pichard in Boston Globe.

## A BIT OF JEALOUSY.

Near the Parc Monceau is a pretty little house that seems to hide in a bush of clematis the home of a young and charming widow of 22. The sacrament of baptism gave her the name of Louise, and the sacrament of marriage made her the Countess of Viry. She had as a pet and constant companion a delicate little Mexican poodle, all white and woolly, to which was given as its sole nourishment a lump of sugar in the morning and a sweet biscuit in the evening. His name was Nito.

It was 4 o'clock. Louise was running along the pebbly paths of her garden, flitting among the rosebushes like a butterfly.

Nito playfully pursued his mistress with barks of delight, at times seizing with his teeth the ruffle of her blue muslin dress, and, propping himself upon his paws, pulled at it with all his strength.

In the midst of their play M. Jacques de Beauchamp entered the garden. The little widow, perceiving him, hid herself behind an orange tree. But Jacques ran to her and, surprising her, kissed her on the forehead.

"Ah, M. de Beauchamp," she cried, "that is not nice of you."

Louise was of medium height. She had very small hands and feet, white shoulders and thick black hair. Her teeth were so white that when she laughed they glistened like pearls. How well she carried her widowhood and in a way to honor herself! The young maiden is generally too timid and bashful. She blushes and casts down her eyes at the least word of compliment. The widow, on the other hand, has the right to hear everything, and when she speaks to her of love she knows readily what that means.

Louise leaned upon the arm of M. de Beauchamp, and they went into the parlor, followed by Nito, who threw some jealous glances at him who was to be the future husband of his mistress. Of course, the poor little animal could not have known that it must have been a jealous instinct.

Louise and Jacques agreed so well that they had planned to be married. Nevertheless each of them had a defect. M. de Beauchamp was jealous and Mme. de Viry was coquettish. "Louise," he said to her, "you will drive me to despair. You say that you love me, but how can I believe it when I see you smiling at every admirer and giving to every comer so sweet a reception? When I see you in society so full of life and gaiety and hear your ringing laughter from the midst of a circle of ardent admirers, it is impossible for me to tell you the tortures and anguish I endure."

"And what can I do, dear?" replied Louise. "I am gay, it is true, but is that a crime? And why should I be cold to those who approach me only to say pleasant and agreeable things?"

"You are a coquette, and your laugh makes me despair, because if you laugh thus against my wish it must be only to show your teeth. You know very well how adorable you are when in laughing with a fixed purpose you throw back your head and show your pretty white neck."

"But what must I do to prove my love for you? It is becoming desperate. Ask of me what you please, but do not ask me not to laugh any more. I am only happy when I am glad and free to be light-hearted."

M. de Beauchamp assumed a solemn air.

"You said to me one evening that you would make for me the sacrifice of your life. I do not ask so much as that. But listen. Do you wish to make me the happiest man on earth?"

"You have but to speak."

"Even at the price of suffering?"

"Yes, at any price."

"Well, then, make me the sacrifice of one tooth."

"What are you demanding of me? It is barbarous."

"Only a tooth. The smallest one in the front. And afterward you may laugh as much as you please."

"But you will think I am ugly and will not love me any more."

"I swear to you there is no other way to assure my happiness."

The countess rang the bell. John, her valet, took her orders and came back a quarter of an hour later with a gentleman carrying in his hand a leather case such as is used by surgeons.

"Who is that person?" asked M. de Beauchamp.

The countess answered:

"It is Mr. James, the American dentist."

The little countess entered her boudoir, followed by Nito, his tail between his legs, as if he understood that some

thing serious was about to happen. Louise returned shortly afterward, ashamed and humbled, and gave to M. de Beauchamp a little tooth as white as milk, which he carried to his lips and covered with kisses. Seeing this tribute of affection, Louise ran away.

Jacques had the tooth set in a medallion and carried it religiously around his neck as a souvenir.

From that day the little countess became very sad. Only upon rare occasions was her face lighted up by a smile. She kept aloof from society as much as possible, but when she was forced by her social duties to appear among her friends they saw her keeping apart from the others or sitting in a corner with a serious air, her mouth closed like a prison door.

Jacques did not easily recognize her. In fact, she was greatly changed.

"Poor countess!" said some evil minded ones. "She is getting old. How changed she is! She seems to be mourning the dead."

And Jacques felt his love diminish little by little. He began to understand that what he loved in her was especially her smile, her playfulness, her gaiety, and he also became sad. The more he tried to regain his love, which seemed to be leaving him, the more he realized that he himself had killed his passion.

One day he went in despair to Mme. de Viry.

"Louise," he said, throwing himself at her feet, "do you love me still?"

"I have sworn to love you always, and the stiller you are the better," she answered.

"Will you prove to me the sincerity of your words?"

"I ask nothing else."

"Well, then, if you love me have the dentist put in a new tooth."

"What folly is this?" said Louise, weeping. "I was right when I said that you would not love me any more. That is just like you men. And you reproach us for being capricious."

"Louise, I beg you to forgive me. I curse my jealousy—my foolishness!"

"So you really are regretting the weakness with which I acceded to your caprice?"

"I am desolate and full of remorse."

"You recognize the cruelty of your unreasonable request?"

"I will reproach myself for it all my life."

"Would you be happy if I had disobeyed you?"

"I would give anything for that."

The little countess gave a burst of laughter, which showed all her teeth complete.

"What does this mean?" asked M. de Beauchamp, holding in his fingers the medallion in which was incased as a souvenir the little pearl of the sacrifice.

The countess opened the mouth of Nito, saying:

"Here is the victim."

"Ah," cried M. de Beauchamp. "You never loved me." —Waverley Magazine.

## Blunders of Novelists.

Will M. Clemens catalogue in The Home Magazine some of the blunders of foreign novelists, a few of which we reproduce:

"Backeray, who was exceedingly anxious to get everything right, was perpetually getting things wrong. Names are mixed, the hero is sometimes called by the name of one of the other characters, and in at least one place an important personage is called by a name from another novel. This was Philip Firmin, whom he called Clive Newcome. Nor was this his worst blunder, for in another story he killed and buried old Lady Kew and later brought her again on the scene for the purpose of rounding off a corner of the story."

"Backeray, in his 'Virgilians,' makes Mme. Esmond of Castlewood, in Westmoreland county, a neighbor of Washington at Mount Vernon, on the Potomac, 50 miles distant, and a regular attendant at public worship at Williamsburg, half way between the York and James rivers, fully 125 miles from Mount Vernon. In the same book occurs the following: 'There was such a negro ch. as about the house as might be heard across the Potomac.' The nearest bank of the Potomac was 57 miles away."

"Anthony Trollope was heartily laughed at by his acquaintances for causing Andy Scott to 'come whistling up the street with a cigar in his mouth.' But what is a slight error of this sort in comparison with Amelia B. Edwards' description, in 'Hans and Grose,' of her hero 'passing backward and forward like an overseer on a Massachusetts cotton plantation.'"

"George Eliot, whose knowledge of science is highly commended, in 'The Mill on the Floss' makes the odd blunder of having the boat overtaken in mid-stream by a mass of drift floating at a more rapid rate than the frail craft—a physical impossibility."

## Geography.

"How did you get on in school today, Robert?"

Tired Child (wearily)—Oh, I was wrong in my geography again! I forgot whether the Putumayo joined the Amazon east or west of the confluence of the Marañon and Ucayale rivers.

Same Child (years later, husband and father)—What do you want to know, my son?

Son (struggling over a primary geography)—Where is the Amazon river, father?

Father (after long reflection)—I think it's somewhere in Africa—or Asia. I forget which. —Pearson's Weekly.

## John Howard Payne.

The life of John Howard Payne extended over 60 years, from 1792 to 1852. The only literary work by which he is now remembered is "Home, Sweet Home," which was originally a song in an opera entitled "Clari, the Maid of Milan." The libretto was written in a few weeks. It is said by some authorities to have been written as early as 1813, but the opera was not produced until 1823.

## UNDER A CURSE.

Theresa Goeke Believed to Be Possessed of a Devil.

The case of Theresa Goeke baffles the medical profession of St. Louis. She lies at the City hospital and has all the symptoms of being possessed of a devil, or evil spirit, as it was known in the time of Christ and his disciples.

Is it obsession, mental aberration, hysteria grandeur, insanity or an ailment to



THERESA GOEKE.

resulting from natural causes? The common practitioner says it is the result of physical derangement, the brain specialists say insanity; the oculists or scientists say obsession, or the control of an evil spirit, while many declare it to be a form of hysteria.

Although she has been raised in a strictly simple and religious way, and has, until taken with her present malady, been a devout Catholic, her blasphemous language would shock the toughest sailor. She curses the cross. She would burn the house of God. She would annihilate priests. She believes herself a devil, and would drink holy water, thereby desecrating it to the most unholy of unholy fies.

Her hands and feet are manacled or she would tear her flesh into shreds. Everything takes on the look of hell, and she sees in the seething furnace recognized friends and rejoices therein. The sight of her mother in the lower regions causes her no sorrow.

Nothing appears as it should be to her. Even the water she drinks turns to green reptiles and the vilest of conceptions. Bessing her continually, dies get into her eyes, nose and mouth, and she sees the walls of the bed, the place swarming with them. Insects of the most tortuous descriptions consume her body.

When she believes herself the devil, her conceptions are that she is huge and mighty and can command the world, and that horns grow from the sides of her head.

When she is pursued by the devils, everything takes the form of one, and there are thousands pursuing her of every kind and description. There are devils with green hair and faces, devils with red faces and hair of flames, devils with black faces, devils with crooked noses, devils with a long, sharp beak covered with thorns. These are the angels to his satanic majesty, and they have black wings.

The chief ruler over hell, as she conceives it in her writing agony, is 50 times the size of an ordinary man, is black, with eyes of flame, and his touch will kill.

Theresa's mother, a hard working German woman, attributes her condition to a spell cast over her two years ago. She says:

"Theresa was working for a lady and she wanted to leave. That made the lady angry, and she stamped her foot and said: 'From this day you will never have any luck no matter where you go. I wish it, and it will be so.' That is what she said, and she cast a spell on my child."

Theresa's mental trouble began then and has been steadily growing worse ever since.

## TWO DIVORCES IN ONE TERM.

A St. Louis Woman's Lightning Divorce and Marriage Record.

Chicago must give up to St. Louis the palm for lightning divorces and double quick marriages. Mrs. Gussie Campbell Spencer of the latter city has recently distinguished herself and incidentally humiliated Chicago by getting two divorces during one term of the St. Louis county court. Two days after her second divorce she was again married to her first husband, William Spencer, while the divorce, Dr. Henry E. Winslow, consoled himself by taking a wife at Kansas City.

Last June Mrs. Spencer was divorced from her husband, William Spencer, on the grounds of drunkenness and abuse. She resumed her maiden name of Campbell, and a fortnight later was married in Chicago to Dr. Henry E. Winslow. Six



MRS. GUSSIE CAMPBELL SPENCER.

days later Dr. Winslow left his bride and went to Kansas City with Mrs. Marder of Chicago. A few days ago Mrs. Marder secured a divorce from him in the same court where her first divorce had been granted only a short time before.

In the meantime Spencer had abandoned his drinking habits. The couple became reconciled and were remarried. And Dr. Winslow made the story complete by marrying Mrs. Marder, who had just been divorced from Walter Marder, the Chicago type founder.

It is to be hoped that all garties are satisfied now.

If Mrs. Spencer affected hyphens she might sign her name Gussie Campbell Spencer-Winslow-Spencer-Campbell.

**Lightning Hold Drops**

**CURES**  
COLIC-CRAMPS-DIARRHOEA-FLUX-CHOLERA-MORBUS-NAUSEA-CHANGES OF WATER ETC.

**HEALS**  
CUTS-BURNS-BRUISES-SCRATCHES-BITES OF ANIMALS-SERPENTS-BUGS-ETC.

**BREAKS UP**  
BAD COLDS-LA-GRIPE-INDIGESTION-ZA-CROUP-SORE THROAT-ETC.

**RELIEF POSITIVELY GUARANTEED.**  
HARRIS MEDICINE CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.  
PRICE 25c-50c

## JOS HORNE &amp; CO.

## TIME TO GET SAMPLES.

Fall is approaching. Thin dresses must give way to heavier fabrics before long. It is time to send for samples of the NEW FALL DRESS GOODS. Send for as many as you like, and as often as you like. Just remember two things, when you write for samples. One is to give the best description you can of the quality, kind, pattern and price-limit of the goods you desire; the other is to mention the paper in which you saw them advertised.

Our Fall assortment is in. We have the new goods from 45c a yard to as high as you wish to go. But better assortments, better goods and lower prices than ever. It is the aim of this store to give you better goods for the same money, or the same goods for less money, than any other store. Try us, and see if we do not do this.

We mention only one bargain this week, for the assortment is so tremendous that it is impossible to give any idea of the varieties.

A line of fine new Fall Suitings, Cashmeres, Chevots, Bradford Suiting, Family English Yarns and Plain Serges. All new goods and new patterns. We are making a special drive on a special lot, selling them at less than they cost at wholesale—45c a yard.

Plenty of other offers like this. The above will probably be gone in a week. Be prompt if you wish any.

## PITT BURG.

## NEW TIN SHOP

## CRITCHFIELD &amp; SON,

Experienced Tanners and Slaters

Give prompt attention to slate, tin and iron roofing, spouting, furnace repairing and general job work.

## 21 CLAY STREET

MASSILLON, O.

**Tea Clubs**

We will interest you. Send us your address on a Postal Card.

AMERICAN TEA CO.,  
Pittsburg, Pa.

## -- TRAVELER'S REGISTER. --

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time.

## WHEELING &amp; LAKE ERIE RY.

Lyron T. Herrick  
Robert Hickensterfer, Receivers.

## TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 30th, 1897.

## CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

EASTWARD.		NO. 7*		NO. 1*		NO. 5*	
LEAVING	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Toledo	9:10	9:10	4:00	9:10	4:00	9:10	4:00
Okla Harbor	9:59	9:59	4:35	9:59	4:35	9:59	4:35
Freemont	10:17	10:17	5:21	10:17	5:21	10:17	5:21
Clyde	10:35	10:35	5:36	10:35	5:36	10:35	5:36
Ellettsville	10:43	10:43	5:49	10:43	5:49	10:43	5:49
Monroeville	10:58	10:58	6:04	10:58	6:04	10:58	6:04
Norwalk	11:08	11:08	6:14	11:08	6:14	11:08	6:14
Washington	11:46	11:46	6:57	11:46	6:57	11:46	6:57
Spencer	11:56	11:56	7:10	11:56	7:10	11:56	7:10
Loch	12:10	12:10	7:26	12:10	7:26	12:10	7:26
Creston	12:25	12:25	7:41	12:25	7:41	12:25	7:41
Orville	12:30	12:30	7:46	12:30	7:46	12:30	7:46
Sherrillsville	1:20	1:20	8:40	1:20	8:40	1:20	8:40
Sherrillsville	1:30	1:30	8:50	1:30	8:50	1:30	8:50
Sherrillsville	1:41	1:41	9:01	1:41	9:01	1:41	9:01
Sherrillsville	1:50	1:50	9:10	1:50	9:10	1:50	9:10
Sherrillsville	2:03	2:03	9:23	2:03	9:23	2:03	9:23
Sherrillsville	2:14	2:14	9:34	2:14	9:34	2:14	9:34
Sherrillsville	2:25	2:25	9:45	2:25	9:45	2:25	9:45
Sherrillsville	2:36	2:36	9:56	2:36	9:56	2:36	9:56
Sherrillsville	2:47	2:47	10:07	2:47	10:07	2:47	10:07
Sherrillsville	2:58	2:58	10:18	2:58	10:18	2:58	10:18
Sherrillsville	3:09	3:09	10:29	3:09	10:29	3:09	10:29
Sherrillsville	3:20	3:20	10:40	3:20	10:40	3:20	10:40
Sherrillsville	3:31	3:31	10:51	3:31	10:51	3:31	10:51
Sherrillsville	3:42	3:42	11:02	3:42	11:02	3:42	11:02
Sherrillsville	3:53	3:53	11:13	3:53	11:13	3:53	11:13
Sherrillsville	4:04	4:04	11:24	4:04	11:24	4:04	11:24
Sherrillsville	4:15	4:15	11:35	4:15	11:35	4:15	11:35
Sherrillsville	4:26	4:26	11:46	4:26	11:46	4:26	11:46
Sherrillsville	4:37	4:37	11:57	4:37	11:57	4:37	11:57
Sherrillsville	4:48	4:48	12:08	4:48	12:08	4:48	12:08
Sherrillsville	4:59	4:59	12:19	4:59	12:19	4:59	12:19
Sherrillsville	5:10	5:10	12:30	5:10	12:30	5:10	12:30
Sherrillsville	5:21	5:21	12:41	5:21	12:41	5:21	12:41
Sherrillsville	5:32	5:32	12:52	5:32	12:52	5:32	12:52
Sherrillsville	5:43	5:43	1:03	5:43	1:03	5:43	1:03
Sherrillsville	5:54	5:54	1:14	5:54	1:14	5:54	1:14
Sherrillsville	6:05	6:05	1:25	6:05	1:25	6:05	1:25
Sherrillsville	6:16	6:16	1:36	6:16	1:36	6:16	1:36
Sherrillsville	6:27	6:27	1:47	6:27	1:47	6:27	1:47
Sherrillsville	6:38	6:38	1:58	6:38	1:58	6:38	1:58
Sherrillsville	6:49	6:49	2:09	6:49	2:09	6:49	2:09
Sherrillsville	7:00	7:00	2:20	7:00	2:20	7:00	2:20
Sherrillsville	7:11	7:11	2:31	7:11	2:31	7:11	2:31
Sherrillsville	7:22	7:22	2:42	7:22	2:42	7:22	2:42
Sherrillsville	7:33	7:33	2:53	7:33	2:53	7:33	2:53
Sherrillsville	7:44	7:44	3:04	7:44	3:04	7:44	3:04
Sherrillsville	7:55	7:55	3:15	7:55	3:15	7:55	3:15
Sherrillsville	8:06	8:06	3:26	8:06	3:26	8:06	3:26
Sherrillsville	8:17	8:17	3:37	8:17	3:37	8:17	3:37
Sherrillsville	8:28	8:28	3:48	8:28	3:48	8:28	3:48
Sherrillsville	8:39	8:39	3:59	8:39	3:59	8:39	3:59
Sherrillsville	8:50	8:50	4:10	8:50	4:10	8:50	4:10
Sherrillsville	9:01	9:01	4:21	9:01	4:21	9:01	4:21
Sherrillsville	9:12	9:12	4:32	9:12	4:32	9:12	4:32
Sherrillsville	9:23	9:23	4:43	9:23	4:43	9:23	4:43
Sherrillsville	9:34	9:34	4:54	9:34	4:54	9:34	4:54
Sherrillsville	9:45	9:45	5:05	9:45	5:05	9:45	5:05
Sherrillsville	9:56	9:56	5:16	9:56	5:16	9:56	5:16
Sherrillsville	10:07	10:07	5:27	10:07	5:27	10:07	5:27
Sherrillsville	10:18	10:18	5:38	10:18	5:38	10:18	5:38
Sherrillsville	10:29	10:29	5:49	10:29	5:49	10:29	5:49
Sherrillsville	10:40	10:40	6:00	10:40	6:00	10:40	6:00
Sherrillsville	10:51	10:51	6:11	10:51	6:11	10:51	6:11
Sherrillsville	11:02	11:02	6:22	11:02	6:22	11:02	6:22
Sherrillsville	11:13	11:13	6:33	11:13	6:33	11:13	6:33
Sherrillsville	11:24	11:24	6:44	11:24	6:44	11:24	6:44
Sherrillsville	11:35	11:35	6:55	11:35	6:55	11:35	6:55
Sherrillsville	11:46	11:46	7:06	11:46	7:06	11:46	7:06
Sherrillsville	11:57	11:57	7:17	11:57	7:17	11:57	7:17
Sherrillsville	12:08	12:08	7:28	12:08	7:28	12:08	7:28
Sherrillsville	12:19	12:19	7:39	12:19	7:39	12:19	7:39
Sherrillsville	12:30	12:30	7:50	12:30	7:50	12:30	7:50
Sherrillsville	12:41	12:41	8:01	12:41	8:01	12:41	8:01
Sherrillsville	12:52	12:52	8:12	12:52	8:12	12:52	8:12
Sherrillsville	1:03	1:03	8:23	1:03	8:23	1:03	8:23
Sherrillsville	1:14	1:14	8:34	1:14	8:34	1:14	8:34
Sherrillsville	1:25	1:25	8:45	1:25	8:45	1:25	8:45
Sherrillsville	1:36	1:36	8:56	1:36	8:56	1:36	8:56
Sherrillsville	1:47	1:47	9:07	1:47	9:07	1:47	9:07
Sherrillsville	1:58	1:58	9:18	1:58	9:18	1:58	9:18
Sherrillsville	2:09	2:09	9:29	2:09	9:29	2:09	9:29
Sherrillsville	2:20	2:20	9:40	2:20	9:40	2:20	9:40
Sherrillsville	2:31	2:31	9:51	2:31	9:51	2:31	9:51
Sherrillsville	2:42	2:42	10:02	2:42	10:02	2:42	10:02
Sherrillsville	2:53	2:53	10:13	2:53	10:13	2:53	10:13
Sherrillsville	3:04	3:04	10:24	3:04	10:24	3:04	10:24
Sherrillsville	3:15	3:15	10:35	3:15	10:35	3:15	10:35
Sherrillsville	3:26	3:26	10:46	3:26	10:46	3:26	10:46
Sherrillsville	3:37	3:37	10:57	3:37	10:57	3:37	10:57
Sherrillsville	3:48	3:48	11:08	3:48	11:08	3:48	11:08
Sherrillsville	3:59	3:59	11:19	3:59	11:19	3:59	11:19
Sherrillsville	4:10	4:10	11:30	4:10	11:30	4:10	11:30
Sherrillsville	4:21	4:21	11:41	4:21	11:41	4:21	11:41
Sherrillsville	4:32	4:32	11:52	4:32	11:52	4:32	11:52
Sherrillsville	4:43	4:43	12:03	4:43	12:03	4:43	12:03
Sherrillsville	4:54	4:54	12:14	4:54	12:14	4:54	12:14
Sherrillsville	5:05	5:05	12:25	5:05	12:25	5:05	12:25
Sherrillsville	5:16	5:16	12:36	5:16	12:36	5:16	12:36
Sherrillsville	5:27	5:27	12:47	5:27	12:47	5:27	12:47
Sherrillsville	5:38	5:38	12:58	5:38	12:58	5:38	12:58
Sherrillsville	5:49	5:49	1:09	5:49	1:09	5:49	1:09
Sherrillsville	6:00	6:00	1:20	6:00	1:20	6:00	1:20
Sherrillsville	6:11	6:11	1:31	6:11	1:31	6:11	1:31
Sherrillsville	6:22	6:22	1:42	6:22	1:42	6:22	1:42
Sherrillsville	6:33	6:33	1:53	6:33	1:53	6:33	1:53
Sherrillsville	6:44	6:44	2:04	6:44	2:04	6:44	2:04
Sherrillsville	6:55	6:55	2:15	6:55	2:15	6:55	2:15
Sherrillsville	7:06	7:06	2:26	7:06	2:26	7:06	2:26
Sherrillsville	7:17	7:17	2:37	7:17	2:37	7:17	2:37
Sherrillsville	7:28	7:28	2:48	7:28	2:48	7:28	2:48
Sherrillsville	7:39	7:39	2:59	7:39	2:59	7:39	2:59
Sherrillsville	7:50	7:50	3:10	7:50	3:10	7:50	3:10
Sherrillsville	8:01	8:01	3:21	8:01	3:21	8:01	3:21
Sherrillsville	8:12	8:12	3:32	8:12	3:32	8:12	3:32
Sherrillsville	8:23	8:23	3:43	8:23	3:43	8:23	3:43
Sherrillsville	8:34	8:34	3:54	8:34	3:54	8:34	3:54
Sherrillsville	8:45	8:45	4:05	8:45	4:05	8:45	4:05
Sherrillsville	8:56	8:56	4:16	8:56	4:16	8:56	4:16
Sherrillsville	9:07	9:07	4:27	9:07	4:27	9:07	4:27
Sherrillsville	9:18	9:18	4:38	9:18	4:38	9:18	4:38
Sherrillsville	9:29	9:29	4:49	9:29	4:49	9:29	4:49
Sherrillsville	9:40	9:40	5:00	9:40	5:00	9:40	5:00
Sherrillsville	9:51	9:51	5:11	9:51	5:11	9:51	5:11
Sherrillsville	10:02	10:02	5:22	10:02	5:22	10:02	5:22
Sherrillsville	10:13	10:13	5:33	10:13	5:33	10:13	5:33
Sherrillsville	10:24	10:24	5:44	10:24	5:44	10:24	5:44
Sherrillsville	10:35	10:35	5:55	10:35	5:55	10:35	5:55
Sherrillsville	10:46	10:46	6:06	10:46	6:06	10:46	6:06
Sherrillsville	10:57	10:57	6:17	10:57	6:17	10:57	6:17
Sherrillsville	11:08	11:08	6:28	11:08	6:28	11:08	6:28
Sherrillsville	11:19	11:19	6:39	11:19	6:39	11:19	6:39
Sherrillsville	11:30	11:30	6:50	11:30	6:50	11:30	6:50
Sherrillsville	11:41	11:41	7:01	11:41	7:01	11:41	7:01
Sherrillsville	11:52	11:52	7:12	11:52	7:12	11:52	7:12
Sherrillsville	12:03	12:03	7:23	12:03	7:23	12:03	7:23
Sherrillsville	12:14	12:14	7:34	12:14	7:34	12:14	7:34
Sherrillsville	12:25	12:25	7:45	12:25	7:45	12:25	7:45
Sherrillsville	12:36	12:36	7:56	12:36	7:56	12:36	7:56
Sherrillsville	12:47	12:47	8:07	12:47	8:07	12:47	8:07
Sherrillsville	12:58	12:58	8:18	12:58	8:18	12:58	8:18
Sherrillsville	1:09	1:09	8:29	1:09	8:29	1:09	8:29
Sherrillsville	1:20	1:20	8:40	1:20	8:40	1:20	8:40
Sherrillsville	1:31	1:31	8:51	1:31	8:51	1:31	8:51
Sherrillsville	1:42	1:42	9:02	1:42	9:02	1:42	9:02
Sherrillsville	1:53	1:53	9:13	1:53	9:13	1:53	9:13
Sherrillsville	2:04	2:04	9:24	2:04	9:24	2:04	9:24
Sherrillsville	2:15	2:15	9:35	2:15	9:35	2:15	9:35
Sherrillsville	2:26	2:26	9:46	2:26	9:46	2:26	9:46
Sherrillsville	2:37	2:37	9:57	2:37	9:57	2:37	9:57
Sherrillsville	2:48	2:48	10:08	2:48	10:08	2:48	10:08
Sherrillsville	2:59	2:59	10:19	2:59	10:19	2:59	10:19
Sherrillsville	3:10	3:10	10:30	3:10	10:30	3:10	10:30
Sherrillsville	3:21	3:21	10:41	3:21	10:41	3:21	10:41
Sherrillsville	3:32	3:32	10:52	3:32	10:52	3:32	10:52
Sherrillsville	3:43	3:43	11:03	3:43	11:03	3:43	11:03
Sherrillsville	3:54	3:54	11:14	3:54	11:14	3:54	1



## WHEN THE SULTAN GOES TO ISPAHAN.

When the Sultan Shah Zaman  
Goes to the city Isbahan,  
Even before he gets so far  
As the place where the clustered palm  
Trees are,  
At the top of the thirty palace eaves,  
The flower of the harem, Rose in bloom,  
Opens a feast to his favorite room—  
Glistening squares of colored  
Succulent and spongy, flattered with  
sauce,  
Of dates and figs and sugared dates,  
Syrian apples, of damask oranges,  
Lemons and citrons and pomegranates,  
And wines that are known to eastern  
prices.  
And N. and slaves and smoking pots  
Of spiced mate, and a great  
And all that the various palace could  
With  
Possibly and out of the eastern doors,  
Scented with the perfume of  
Arabian incense, and  
And a great deal of the  
Of a hundred eaves, the  
The daisies, and the  
And stands out a long, point the tips  
Of her petals, and  
Till they are in a mass, that rose  
Not far from the  
Not far from the  
Not far from the  
When he goes to the city Isbahan!

Then, at a wave of her sunny hand,  
The dove-gray eyes of the  
Glide in like stars from  
Maiden's eyes, and  
Of the  
And what a  
Runs by their eyes, and  
And there, in the  
Filled with the  
And a great deal of  
Sits fast, and  
Singing the  
And a great deal of  
That the  
Goes to the city Isbahan.

## IN A PUNT.

One evening, when I had returned all  
alone and very weary, painfully pull-  
ing my heavy boat, which I used every  
night, I paused a few seconds to take  
breath near the edge of some reeds. The  
weather was glorious, the moon was  
radiant, the river sparkled, the air was  
cool and sweet. This tranquillity tempt-  
ed me, and I thought it would be very  
pleasant to smoke my pipe in this place.  
The notion followed the thought. I  
seized my anchor and cast it into the  
river. The punt, which floated with the  
current, drifted as far as the end of its  
chain, and then stood still. I seated my-  
self in the stern on my sheepskin as com-  
fortably as possible.

I lit and nothing, not a sound, only at  
intervals I imagined I heard a slight,  
almost imperceptible, splash of the water  
against the shore, and I saw clusters of  
tall reeds which assumed surprising  
shapes and seemed at intervals to stir.  
The river was perfectly quiet, but I felt  
agitated by the extraordinary stillness  
which surrounded me. All creatures—  
the frogs and toads, these nocturnal  
singers of the marsh—were silent. Sud-  
denly at my right, close to me, a frog  
croaked. I shuddered. It ceased, and I  
heard nothing more and resolved to  
smoke to divert my mind. Yet, although  
I was a notorious and confirmed smoker,  
I could not smoke. With a second puff,  
I changed my mind and stopped.

I began to recite verses. The sound of  
my voice was painful. Then I stretched  
myself out in the bottom of the boat  
and watched the sky. For some time  
I remained at ease, but soon light move-  
ments of the boat disturbed me. It  
seemed as if it was making gigantic  
hurdles, touching alternately the two  
banks of the river, then I thought that  
some huge or invisible force drew it  
gently to the bottom of the water, then,  
raising it, let it fall once more. I was  
tossed about as though in the midst of  
a tempest. I heard sounds and me  
I rose with a bound. The water was  
gleaming. All was quiet.

I saw that my reeds were somewhat  
shaken, and I imagined to be off. I  
pulled at the chain, the punt began to  
move, but met a resistance. I pulled  
harder, but the boat would not come.  
I had caught on something at the bottom  
of the river, and could not lift it. I  
once more commenced to pull, but in  
vain. Then with my oars I turned the  
boat up stream, in order to change the  
position of the anchor. This was useless;  
it still held fast. I was seized with an-  
ger and shook the chain furiously.  
Nothing moved. I sat down discouraged  
and began to reflect upon my position.

I could not think of breaking the  
chain or of separating it from the boat,  
for it was very heavy and riveted in the  
bow to a piece of wood thicker than my  
arm. But as the weather was still very  
fair, I thought that I should not remain  
long without encountering some fisher-  
man who would come to my relief. My  
misadventure had calmed me. I sat down,  
and at last was able to smoke my pipe.  
I had a bottle of rum. I drank two or  
three glasses and was compelled to  
laugh at my situation.

It was very warm, so that I could, if  
necessary, without great discomfort,  
pass the night in the beautiful starlight.  
Suddenly a soft rap sounded against the  
side of the boat. I started, and a cold  
sweat froze me from head to foot. This  
sound doubtless came from some piece  
of wood borne by the current, but it  
was enough, and I was again possessed  
by a strange nervous agitation. I grasp-  
ed the chain and strained with a desper-  
ate effort. The anchor held firm. I sat  
down exhausted.

Meanwhile the river had gradually  
become covered by a very thick white  
mist which hung very low over the wa-  
ter, so that, standing, I could no longer  
see the river, or my feet, or the boat,  
but only the tops of the reeds, and in  
the distance the lowland, white in the  
moonlight, and from it great black  
spots, formed by clumps of Lombardy  
poplars, arose in the sky. I was wrap-  
ped to my waist as if in a muslin sheet  
of singular whiteness, and fantastic vi-  
sions came to me.

I fancied that some one whom I could  
not distinguish was trying to climb in-  
to my boat, and that the river, hidden  
in this opaque mist, must be filled with  
these strange horrors who swam around  
me. I felt a horrible disquietude; my  
temples were tightly bound; the beat-  
ing of my heart almost choked me, and,  
losing control of myself, I thought of

saving myself by swimming, but imme-  
diately this idea made me shudder with  
fear. I could see myself lost, wandering  
at random in that thick fog, in the  
midst of the grasses and reeds from  
which I could not free myself, quivering  
with fear, unable to see the shore or to  
find my boat, and I imagined I could  
feel myself drawn by my feet to the  
very bottom of this black water.

Indeed, as I should have been com-  
pelled to struggle against the current  
for at least 500 yards before reaching a  
point free from grass and rushes where  
I might gain a foothold, there were  
nine chances out of ten that I should  
not be able to find my way in this ob-  
scure, and that I should be drowned,  
good swimmer as I was.

I tried to reason with myself. I deter-  
mined not to be afraid, but there was  
something in me besides my will, and  
this other thing was afraid. I asked  
myself what there was to fear. My  
brave I jeered at my poltroon I, and  
never so well as on that day have I un-  
derstood the conflict of the two things  
that exist in us—the one willing, the  
other resisting, and each in turn pre-  
vailing.

This foolish and inexplicable fear  
continually increased till it became ter-  
ror. I remained immovable, with wide  
open eyes and expectant ear. Of what?  
I knew not in the least, but of some-  
thing terrible. I believe that if a fish  
had thought of springing out of water,  
as often happens, no more would have  
been needed to make me fall stiff and  
insensible.

Nevertheless, by a violent effort, I  
succeeded in gradually recovering my  
lost reason. I took again my bottle of  
rum and drank deep draughts. Then  
the idea occurred to me, and I began to  
shout with all my strength, turning suc-  
cessively to the four points of the hori-  
zon. When my throat was absolutely  
paralyzed, I heard a dog barking in the  
distance.

I drank again and stretched myself at  
full length on the bottom of the boat.  
I remained thus for perhaps an hour,  
perhaps two, without sleeping, with  
eyes wide open, and with terrors around  
me. I dared not rise, yet I wished in-  
tensely to do so. I put it off from min-  
ute to minute. I said to myself, "Come  
stand up," and I was afraid to make a  
movement. At last I raised myself with  
infinite precautions, as if my life de-  
pended on the slightest sound I might  
make, and looked over the side of the  
boat.

I was dazzled by the most marvelous,  
the most astonishing sight that could  
possibly be seen. It was one of those  
phantasmagoria of fairyland, one of  
those visions related by voyagers who  
return from afar, and which we hear  
without believing.

The mist, which for two hours before  
was floating on the river, had gradu-  
ally receded and gathered on the river  
banks. Leaving the stream entirely  
clear, it had formed on each shore an  
unbroken bank six or seven yards in  
height, which gleamed beneath the  
moon with the superb brilliancy of  
snow. Thus, not a thing was visible  
save the river flashing with fiery lights.  
Between these two white hills of mist,  
and high overhead hung full and large  
a majestic, luminous moon in the midst  
of a black sky dotted with stars.

All the creatures of the water were  
awake. The frogs were croaking fur-  
iously, while at intervals, now at the  
right, now at the left, I heard the short,  
monotonous, melancholy note which the  
ringing voices of the toads uttered to  
the stars. Strangely I was no longer  
afraid. I was surrounded by a scene so  
extraordinary that the most striking  
singularities had no power to astonish  
me.

How long this lasted I know not, for  
I had ended by falling asleep. When I  
opened my eyes, the moon had set, the  
sky was covered with clouds, the wa-  
ter rippled momentarily, the wind was  
blowing, it was cold, and the darkness  
was profound.

I drank what remained of my rum,  
then I listened, shivering with cold, to  
the rustling of the reeds and the sinis-  
ter sound of the river. I tried to see, but  
I could not distinguish the boat nor  
even my hands, which I held before my  
eyes.

Gradually, however, the thick dark-  
ness diminished. Suddenly I seemed to  
feel a shadow gliding very near me. I ut-  
tered a cry and a voice answered. It was  
a fisherman. I called to him. He drew  
near, and I told him of my misadventure.  
He then pulled his boat alongside mine,  
and we both strained at the chain. The  
anchor did not move. Day dawned, som-  
ber, gray, rainy, cold—one of those  
days which bring one gloom and mis-  
fortune.

I perceived another boat. We hailed  
it. The man who rowed it united his  
efforts with ours. Then, little by little,  
the anchor yielded. It came up but  
slowly and burdened with a consider-  
able weight. At length we saw a dark  
mass, and we drew it into my boat.

It was the body of an old woman with  
a stone fastened to the neck.—Guy de  
Maupassant.

## Homes Under the Ground.

In the salt district in Cheshire, Eng-  
land, the brine has been pumped so con-  
tinuously out of the earth that the land  
has settled very considerably. The  
houses naturally sink with the earth,  
and in some of the streets in Northwich  
only the roofs are visible. The houses  
are inhabited, although the rooms are  
underground. In a great many cases ad-  
ditional stories have been added, so that  
by living in the upper rooms the resi-  
dents may have some light and air. The  
roadways sink, too, but are kept up to  
the proper level by the government.—  
New York Sun.

## He Wondered Why.

Miss Oldfriend—I declare, I begin to  
feel that I am growing old. It's really  
unpleasant.

Mr. B. Sharpe—Yes, dear. It must  
be especially so for one who has been  
young so long.

(And he wondered why she was of-  
fended.)—Boston Globe.

## DON'T SHIELD CHARNLEY

The Presbyterian Board's Statement Re-  
garding the Defalcation.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—The officers of the  
Presbyterian board of aid for colleges  
and academics has made the following  
statement regarding the defalcation of  
Treasurer C. M. Charnley:

From the moment suspicion was  
aroused the officers of the board have  
acted vigorously, not to shield the de-  
fault, but to protect the interests of  
the board, the church and all who  
might be exposed to loss. The loss to  
the board is no yet exactly known,  
but is apparently about \$20,000. The  
board holds the bond of the American  
Security company for \$2,000. It is ex-  
pected that members of the board and  
friends of the cause will replace the  
remainder. The board has cash on  
hand to meet all present demands and  
expects to meet all future demands. It  
is believed that in no instance a creditor  
of the board will suffer in any way.

## Resign to Resign.

EASTON, Pa., Sept. 7.—Superior  
Court Judge Kender, brother of the  
secretary of state, said that the gen-  
eral had not mentioned anything about  
his resignation to him, and, further  
more, he was satisfied there was noth-  
ing in the story.

## New Census Superintendent.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—It is stated  
that Mr. S. N. D. North of Boston has  
been selected as the superintendent of  
the next census.

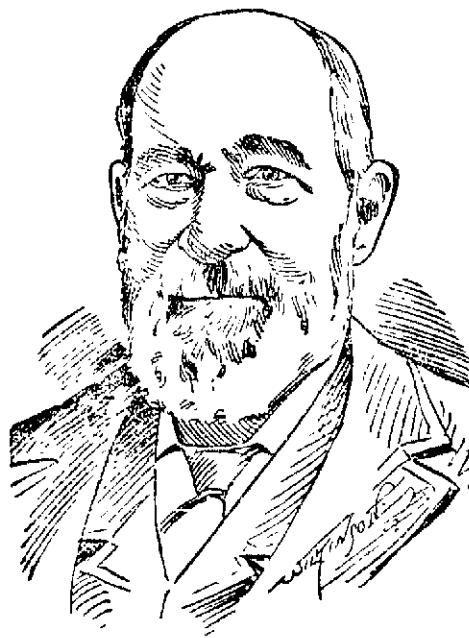
## Itching, Burning, Eczema

Is the external indication of a con-  
dition of the blood which produces a  
fiery irritation almost unbearable. It is  
a mistake to think that this local irri-  
tation is the disease itself—it is simply an  
evidence of a disordered condition of the  
blood. The seat of the disease is in the  
blood, and this is why the various salves  
and ointments usually applied have no  
effect whatever. They cannot possibly  
reach the origin of the trouble; only a  
blood remedy can do that. S. S. S. is  
without an equal for blood diseases, and  
promptly and permanently cures Eczema  
and removes all taint.

Much torture could be avoided if the  
first itching symptoms were heeded and a  
course of S. S. S. taken promptly, as ap-  
parently insignificant skin irritations  
usually develop into the worst form  
of Eczema unless properly treated.

It matters not what other treatment  
has been tried in vain, S. S. S. always  
gets at the seat of the disease, and  
forces it out.

Mr. William Armstrong, an old resi-  
dent and highly respected citizen of  
De Pere, Wis., writes on April 1st, 1896.



MR. WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.

"I have been a sufferer for eight years  
with that horrible disease, Eczema, at  
times all over my body, and no person  
can describe the burning and itching I  
had to endure.

"The extent of my sufferings can be  
appreciated when I state that my con-  
dition was such that I could not take  
my bed, and for three months I never  
laid down, but was compelled to sit in  
my chair when not moving around. I  
was treated by the best of physicians  
with no success, and tried all the patent  
medicines recommended for Eczema,  
without any good results. I then went  
to the Indiana Mud baths, with the same  
results, and then to Mt. Clemens, the  
celebrated medical resort, where the  
treatment partially helped me, but the  
disease shortly returned. I went to  
Florida, thinking that a change of cli-  
mate and water and the citron fruit  
might cure me, but found no cure.

"I then tried S. S. S. and after three days  
the burning and itching subsided, and  
I continued to improve steadily until I  
was well—entirely cured. After com-  
mencing S. S. S. I never put an exter-  
nal application to my limbs or any part  
of my body. You may refer to me any  
person suffering from Eczema. I will  
always keep the S. S. S. in my house,  
for I consider it the best blood medicine  
of the present age. I am seventy years  
of age and am now in perfect health."

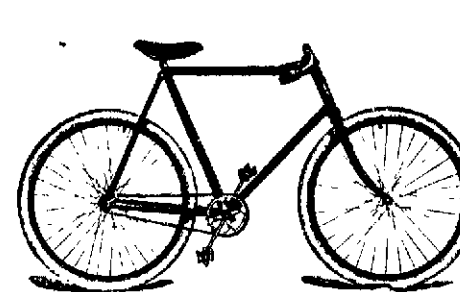
For real blood diseases relief can only  
be obtained by using a real blood reme-  
dy. So many people who are sufferers  
from an obstinate or deep-seated blood  
disease make the mistake of taking reme-  
dies which at best are only tonics and  
cannot possibly reach their trouble. It  
is in just such cases which other so-called  
blood remedies cannot reach that S. S. S.  
has made some of the most wonderful  
cures.

S. S. S. cures permanently Cancer,  
Catarrh, Rheumatism, Eczema, Tetters,  
Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, and  
all other diseases having their origin in  
the blood. It is a

## A Real Blood Remedy.

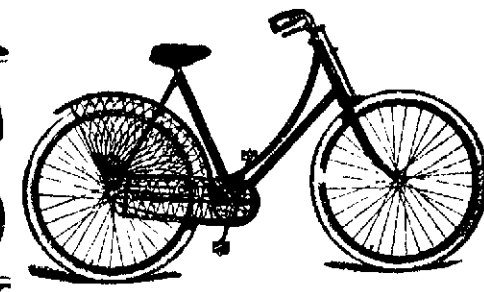
and gets at the seat of disease and forces  
it out promptly even after other so-called  
blood remedies have failed. S. S. S. is  
guaranteed purely vegetable.

Books on blood and skin diseases will  
be mailed free to any address by Swift  
Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.



WESTFIELD

# WHEELS



WESTFIELD

## Any - Old - Thing!

Is not what you want when you buy a Bicycle. You want  
the best—the very best—and, if you will buy the CLEVELAND  
you'll be satisfied.

## The Westfield Seems to Please a Great Many.

Just the Cleveland bound in cloth, that is about the difference.  
Our offer to compare the Westfield with any wheel sold at \$75.00  
remains without a taker. Bring in your \$100.00 wheels and see  
if there is any difference. Remember we are selling the  
WESTFIELD at the very low price of \$50.00.

## ...Inventory Sale Prices...

RULE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Three Specials in Cane Seat Chairs.

Cane Seat Arm Rocker, Oak, only \$1.98, regular price \$3.00  
Cane Seat Arm Rocker, Oak, only 99 cents.  
Cane Seat Dining Chair, only 75 cts, regular price \$1.00

We have given our patrons fair warning about  
advance in prices soon. Don't delay. Buy now.

## Benedict's White Palace, ...63-65... S. Erie St.

## BAHNEY'S BOOKSTORE

20 East Main Street, Massillon.

## ALL SCHOOL BOOKS

Adopted by the School Board for the  
coming year at the reduced prices.

Tablets, Rulers, Pens,  
Pencils, Ink, Slates,  
Exercise Books, Practice Books,  
Tablets, Drawing Pencils,  
Drawing Books, Drawing Paper, etc., etc.

## BAHNEY'S BOOKSTORE

20 East Main Street, Massillon.



A HUSBAND'S STRATEGY

How He Fooled the Wife of His Bosom.

DOCTOR'S STORY OF FAKESUCIPI.

A Scheme to Extort Money in Which the Physician was an Unwilling Accomplice But He Got a Fat Fee and Kept the Secret.

The life of a physician is a hard one, but at the same time it is not altogether prosy. Like a com- mander, he is necessarily intrusted with a large family secrets.

A prominent physician who has removed to another city was on a visit to



"DON'T USE THE PUMP, DOCTOR!"

friends here recently, says the Louisville Courier-Journal. As the guests at a dinner were smoking their cigars and tobacco smoke was forming curls toward the ceiling some very good stories were exchanged. The physician told the following experience, which, he said, was one of the queerest he had ever had:

"I had just made my rounds," said he, "gone to my bedroom and put on my slippers and lounging robe to spend an hour or so with my family before retiring. I had not been in long before my doorbell rang violently and an excited whistle came up through the speaking trumpet, as at that time there was no such a thing as the telephone in existence. I answered the summons, which was to come quick to Mr. John Smith's home on Chestnut street, as he was thought to be dying."

"I hastily put on my overcoat and ordered my horses around to the front door. I drove out to the number indicated, when I found the neighborhood in great excitement. From the comments I learned that Mr. Smith had quarreled with his wife, and that in a state of exasperation had attempted to kill himself by taking arsenic."

"I went at once to his bedside, where I found the man with his head thrown back and his respiration labored. I felt his pulse, and to my astonishment I found it perfectly normal. I could not for the life of me see how a man near death could have such vitality."

"While I was making these investigations his wife, who was very hysterical, was crying bitterly and berating herself for refusing to grant her husband his wishes."

"Oh, John," said she, "if you only got over this I will never refuse you such a trivial thing as a few thousand dollars!"

"I began to think she might become insane, her distress was so genuine. While I was looking at the patient I noticed a strange expression on his face. I had sent for a stomach pump, and was waiting its arrival. The patient managed to give me a pathetic look as he winked his eye. I was perfectly nonplused how to proceed, as I felt that the man must be feigning."

"I paid no attention to the wink, as I determined if the fellow was in posing on me that I would make him get the worst of it. I ordered everybody out of the room when the pump arrived. I adjusted it ready to begin operations. In the interval Mrs. Smith's shrieks were heart-rending. I saw that the patient's face slowly and say he was perfectly conscious of everything that was going on. Finally he said: 'Doc, for God's sake, don't use that pump on me! I'm all right, but don't give me any more.'"

"Then I was in a predicament. I had, however, elicited a confession from the patient that I had already anticipated."

"Without further inquiry I put up the pump and administered an emetic. I administered a very severe one, and the man was made sick of his trick before he was through with it. I had been made a party to some sort of a fraud and I had to carry out my part. I made a number of visits and ran up a big bill."

"When the man got well, he called on me and said: 'Doc, I am under many obligations. I married a widow of considerable property. She was old enough to be my grandmother. I wanted several thousand dollars to make a trip and have a good time in the east. She refused to grant me the request. So I thought I might frighten her into giving it to me. I naturally concluded to try the suicide scheme. I bought arsenic, went up to my room and left a note to my wife, bidding her goodly and regretting that I had annoyed her by asking for her money. The scheme worked admirably, as you know. Here I am with all the cash I want. So, old man, make out your bill and we will settle at once.'"

"Secondly," escaped me, but I concluded that I would at least have some of the profits. I made out my bill for \$500. The fellow never hesitated, and said that it was reasonable considering the service I had rendered him."

Pawned His Legs.

"Your honor, this man pawned his legs to buy liquor," said an officer in Magistrate Foster's court in Chicago the other morning. Every one present craned for ward to catch a sight of the prisoner charged with the unusual offense. "What man? Where?" demanded the magistrate. And a couple of policemen satisfied his curiosity by holding up H. W. Harrington for inspection. The prisoner was without both lower limbs. The officers explained that he was found on Clark street the night before in a hopeless state of intoxication and unable to propel himself. After being locked up he told the officers that he had pawned his cork legs. The magistrate dismissed the prisoner and instructed the police to assist him in the recovery of his artificial limbs.

Stole Live Wires.

On a recent afternoon some enterprising individuals in New York cut down and carried off 2,500 feet of electric wire through which a current of 2,500 volts was passing, and detectives are looking for the men. This is at least the third time that this trick has been done.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 7.  
WHEAT—No. 1 red, 90¢; No. 2 red, 88¢.  
CORN—No. 2 yellow, 37¢; No. 2 white, 38¢; No. 3 white, 36¢; No. 4 white, 35¢; No. 5 white, 34¢; No. 6 white, 33¢; No. 7 white, 32¢; No. 8 white, 31¢; No. 9 white, 30¢; No. 10 white, 29¢; No. 11 white, 28¢; No. 12 white, 27¢; No. 13 white, 26¢; No. 14 white, 25¢; No. 15 white, 24¢; No. 16 white, 23¢; No. 17 white, 22¢; No. 18 white, 21¢; No. 19 white, 20¢; No. 20 white, 19¢; No. 21 white, 18¢; No. 22 white, 17¢; No. 23 white, 16¢; No. 24 white, 15¢; No. 25 white, 14¢; No. 26 white, 13¢; No. 27 white, 12¢; No. 28 white, 11¢; No. 29 white, 10¢; No. 30 white, 9¢; No. 31 white, 8¢; No. 32 white, 7¢; No. 33 white, 6¢; No. 34 white, 5¢; No. 35 white, 4¢; No. 36 white, 3¢; No. 37 white, 2¢; No. 38 white, 1¢; No. 39 white, 0¢; No. 40 white, 0¢; No. 41 white, 0¢; No. 42 white, 0¢; No. 43 white, 0¢; No. 44 white, 0¢; No. 45 white, 0¢; No. 46 white, 0¢; No. 47 white, 0¢; No. 48 white, 0¢; No. 49 white, 0¢; No. 50 white, 0¢; No. 51 white, 0¢; No. 52 white, 0¢; No. 53 white, 0¢; No. 54 white, 0¢; No. 55 white, 0¢; 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